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LETTER

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GENTLEMAN

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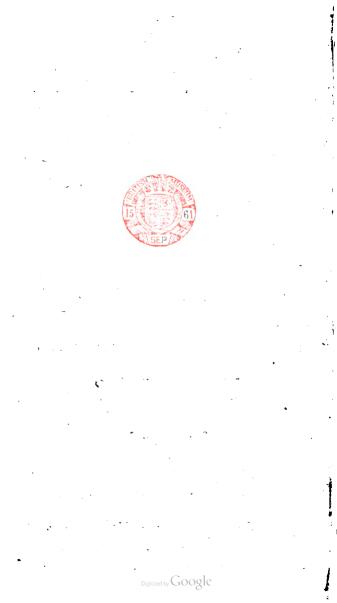


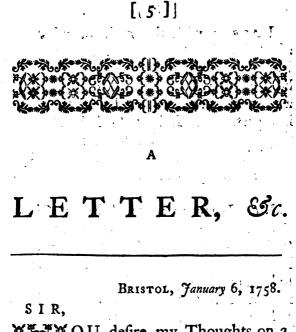


BRISTOL:

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Y Paper lately addreft to the Inhabitants of St. Stephen's Parifh, and an Anfwer thereto, intitled "A feafonable Antidote againft "Popery." I have at prefent little Leifure, and cannot fpeak fo fully, as the Importance of the Subject requires. I can only just tell you, wherein I do, or do not agree with what is advanced in the one or the other.

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I AGREE

I AGREE with the main of what is afferted in that Paper, allowing for fome *Exprefions*, which I could with had been alter'd: Becaufe fome of them are a little obscure; others liable to Misinterpretation: Indeed fo liable, that they could scarce fail to be misunderflood by the unwary, and censured by the unfriendly Reader.

Bur I cannot 'agree, That "Obe-"dience is a Condition of, or antece-"dent to Justification" (unless we mean Final Justification). This I apprehend to be a confiderable Mistake: Although indeed it is not explicitly afferted, but only implied in some Parts of that Addrefs.

I ENTIRELY agree with the Author of the "Seafonable Antidote," in the important Points that follow :

"THAT a Sinner is juffified, or ac-" counted rightcours before GoD, only " through the Rightcouline(s (or Merits) " of Jefus Chrift a

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" THAT

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" THAT the End of his living and " dying for us was, That our Perfons " firft, and then our Works might be " accepted:

" THAT Faith is the Hand which " apprehends, the Infrument which " applies the Merits of *Chrift* for our " Justification :

" THAT justifying Faith is the Gift " of the Holy Spirit:

"THAT He evidences our being jufti-"fied, by bearing his Teftimony with "our Spirits, that we are the Children "of God, and by enabling us to bring "forth first the Inward, and then the "Outward Fruits of the Spirit: And

LASTLY, "THAT these Fruits do "not justify us, do not procure our "Justification, but prove us to be justified: As the Fruits on a Tree do "not make it alive, but prove it to be "alive."

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THESE

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THESE undoubtedly are the genuine Principles of the Church of England. And they are confirm'd, as by our Liturgy, Articles, and Homilies, fo by the whole Tenor of Scripture. Therefore 'till Heaven and Earth pais away, these Truths will not pass away.

BUT I do not agree with the Author of that Tract, in the Spirit of the whole Performance. It does not feem to breath either that Modesty, or Seriouf-' nefs, or Charity which one would defire. One would not defire to hear any private Perfon, of no great Note in the Church or the World, speak as it were ex Cathedrá, with an Air of Infallibility, or at leaft, of vast Self-fufficiency, on a Point wherein Men of Eminence both for Piety, Learning and Office, have been to greatly divided. Though my Judgment is nothing alter'd, yet I often condemn myself for my past Manner of fpeaking on this Head. Again; I do not rejoice at observing any Thing light or ludicrous in an Anfwer to for ferious a Paper: And much lefs in finding any Man branded as a Papist, because his Doctrine in one particular ed by Google

Instance

Instance, refembles (for that is the utmost which can be proved) a Doctrine of the Church of Rame. I can in no wife reconcile this to the grand Rule of Charity, "Doing to others as we would " they should do to us."

INDEED it is faid, "Dr. T. openly "defends the Fundamental Doctrine of "Popery, Juftification by Works." Therefore "he must be a Papist." But here is a double Mistake. For I. Whatever may be implied in fome of his Expressions, it is most certain Dr. T. does not openly defend Justification by Works. 2. This itself, Justification by Works, is not the Fundamental Datirine of Popery; but the Universality of the Rowiff Church and the Supremacy of the Bishop of Rome. And to call any one a Papist who denies these, is neither Charity, nor Justice.

I DO not agree with the Author in what follows. Dr. T. " loses Sight of " the Truth, when he talks of *Cbrift's* " having obtained for us a Covenant of " better Hopes, and that Faith and Re-" pentance * Page 3. * Page 4.

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" pentance are the Terms of this Cove-" nant. They are not. They are the " Free-Gifts of the Covenant of Grace, " not the Terms or Conditions. To fay " Privileges of the Covenant are the " Terms or Conditions of it, is downright " Popery."

THIS is downright calling Names; and no better. But it falls on a greater than Dr. T. St. Paul affirms, Jefus Chrift is the Mediator of a better Covenant, establish'd upon better Promises. Yea, and that better Covenant He "hath obtained " for us," by his own Blood. And if any defire to receive the Privileges which are freely given according to the Tenor of this Covenant, Jefus Christ Himself has mark'd out the Way, Repent and believe the Gospel. These therefore are the Terms of the Covenant, unless the Author of it was mistaken. These are the Conditions of it: Unlefs a Man can enter into the Kingdom, without either repenting or believing. For the Word Condition means neither more nor lefs, than fomething fine qua non; without which fomething elfe is not done. Now this is the exact Truth with Regard to ' repenting

repenting and believing; without which GOD does not work in us Righteousness and Peace and Joy in the Holy Ghost.

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It is true, Repentance and Faith are *Privileges* and *Free-Gifts*. But this does not hinder their being *Conditions* too. And neither Mr. *Calvin* himfelf, nor any of our Reformers, made any Scruple of calling them fo.

"But the Gospel is a Revelation of "Grace and Mercy, not a Proposal of "a Covenant of Terms and Conditi-"ons." It is both. It is a Revelation of Grace and Mercy, to all that repent and believe. And this the Author himself owns in the following Page. "The "free Grace of GoD applies to Sinners "the Benefits of Christ's Atonement and "Righteousness, by working in them "Repentance and Faith." Then they are not applied without Repentance and Faith: That is, in plain Terms, These are the Conditions of that Application.

I READ in the next Page, " In the " Gospel we have the free Promises of " Eternal Life, but not annext to Faith and `

Page 5. Page 6. Google

" and Repentance, as Works of Man." (True: They are the Gift of GOD) " or " the Terms or Conditions of the Cowe-" nant." Yes certainly. They are no lefs Terms or Conditions altho? GOD works them in us.

"But what is promised us as a Free-"Gift, cannot be received upon the Per-"formance of any Terms or Conditions." Indeed it can. Our LORD faid to the Man born blind, Go and wash in the Pool of Siloam. Here was a plain Condition to be performed; fomething without which he would not have received his Sight. And yet his Sight was a Gift altogether as free, as if the Pool had never been mentioned.

"BUT if Repentance and Faith are "the Free-Gifts of Gon, can they be the "Terms or Conditions of our Juftification?" Yes: Why not? They are fill fomething without which no Man is or can be juftified.

" CAN then God give that freely, " which He does not give but up-" on certain Terms and Conditions?" " Doubt-' Page 9. • Ibid. Google Doubtless He can: As one may freely give you a Sum of Money, on Condition you stretch out your Hand to receive it. It is therefore no "Contradiction to fay, "We are justified freely by Grace, and "yet upon certain Terms or Conditions." "

I CANNOT therefore agree, That "we "are accepted without any Terms pre-"vioufly perform'd to qualify us for Ac-"ceptance." For we are not accepted, nor are we qualified for, or capable of Acceptance, without Repentance and Faith.

" BUT a Man is not justified by Works, " but by the Faith of Christ. This ex-" cludes all Qualifications." ' Surely it does not exclude the Qualification of Faith!

"BUT S. Paul asserts, To him that "worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the Ungodly, his Faith is counted to him for Righteousness."

TRUE: To bim that worketh not: But does God justify him that believeth not? B .Other-

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Otherwise, this Text proves just the contrary to what it is brought to prove.

BUT " our Church excludes Repen-" tance and Faith from *deferving* any " Part of our Justification. Why then " do you infift upon them as *Qualifica*-" tions requiste to our Justification!"

BECAUSE Chrift and his Apostles do fo: Yet we all agree, they do not deferve any Part of our Justification. They are no Past of the meritorious Caufe; but they are the Conditions of it. This and no other is "the Doctrine of Scripture, and of "the Church of England!" Both the Scripture and "our Church allow, yea, "infift on these Qualifications or Condi-"tions"

"BUT if Repentance and Faith would not be valid and acceptable without the Righteoufnefs of Chrift, then they cannot be neceffary Quaflifications for our Juftification." I cannot allow the Confequence. They are not acceptable without the Righteoufnefs or Merits of Chrift. And yet He Him-Page 19. Page 21. Page 22.

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Himfelf has made them necessary Qualifications for our Justification thro his Merits.

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BUT the grand Objection of this Gentleman lies against the Dr's. next Paragraph; the Sum of which is: "The "Merits of *Chrift* were never intended "to supercede the Necessity of Repen-"tance and Obedience" (I would fay, Repentance and Faith) "but to make "them acceptable in the Sight of Gon, "and to *purchase* for them" (I would add *that obey Him*) "a Reward of im-"mortal Happiness."

I AM not afraid to undertake the Defence of this Paragraph, with this fmall Variation, against Mr. Chapman, Mr. Nyberg, Count Zinzendorf, or any other Person whatever. Provided only that he will set his Name to his Work: For I do not love fighting in the Dark.

AND I (as well as Dr. T.) affirm, That "to fay more than this concerning "*Chrift*'s imputed Merits," to fay more than, that "they have purchased for us "Grace [16]

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"Grace to repent and believe, Acceptance upon our believing, Power to obey, and eternal Salvation to them that do obey Him:" To fay more than this "is *bla[pbemous Antinomianifm*," fuch as Mr. *Calvin* would have abhorr'd; and does "open a Door to all Manner of Sin and Wickednefs."

I MUST likewife affirm, That to talk of imputed Righteoufnefs in the Manner many do at this Day, is making the imaginary Transfer of Chrift's Righteoufnefs ferve as a Cover for the Unrighteoufnefs of Mankind." Does not Mr. Ch-p--n do this at Briftol? Does not Mr. M-rd-n, at London? Let them shudder then, let their Blood run cold, who do it: Not theirs, who tell them that they do so. It is not the latter but the former, who "trample Chrift's Righteousnefs under "Foot as a mean and vile Thing."

I FIRMLY believe, "We are ac-" counted Righteous before GoD (jufti-" fied ONLY for the Merit of Chrift." But let us have no fhifting the Terms: ONLY through Chrift's imputed Righteoufnefs

" Page 26.

nefs, are not the Words of the Article, neither the Language of our Church. Much lefs does our Church any where affirm, "That the Righteouinefs of "Chrift is imputed to the ungodly, who "have no Qualifications:" • No Repentance, no Faith. Nor do the Scriptures ever affirm this.

THE Reflection on the General Inference, I fo entirely agree with, as to think it worth transcribing. If you have Faith and Repentance, you want no other Signs or Evidences of your Justification. But if you have not thefe, to pretend to any other Asfurances, Tokens, Feelings or Experiences, is vain and delufive. Does he know any one who maintains, That a Man may be in a State of Justification. and yet have no Faith or Repentance? But the Marks and Evidences of true Faith which the Scripture has promifed, must not be discarded as vain or delusive. The Scripture has promifed us the Affurance of Faith, to be wrought in us by the Operation of God. It mentions the Earnest of the Spirit, and speaks of Feeling after the LORD and finding him. And

• Page 28.

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And fo our Church (in her 17 Article) speaks of "Feeling in ourselves the "working of the Spirit of *Christ*?" And (in the Homily for Rogation Week) of "Feeling our Conscience at Peace "with God, thro' Remission of our Sin." So that we must not reject all Affurances, Tokens, Feelings and Experiences, as vain and delusive.

Nor do I apprehend Dr. T. ever intended to fay, That we must reject all inward Feelings; but only those which are without Faith or Repentance. And who would not reject these? His very Words are, If you have not these, to pretend to any other Feelings is vain and delufrve. I fay so too. Mean Time he is undoubtedly fensible, That there is a Consolation in Love; a Peace that passet all Understanding, and a Joy that is unspeakable and full of Glory. Nor can we imagine him to deny, That these must be felt, inwardly felt, wherever they exist.

UPON the whole I cannot but obferve, How extremely difficult it is, even ven for Men who have an upright Intention, and are not wanting either in natural or acquir'd Abilities, to underftand one another! And how hard it is, to do even Juftice to thofe, whom we do not throughly understand! much more to treat them with that Gentlenes, Tenderness, and Brotherly Kindness, with which, upon a Change of Circumstances, we might reasonably defire to be treated ourfelves! O when shall all Men know whose Disciples we are, by our loving one another, as be bath loved us! The Gop of Love hasten the Time!

I am,

Dear Sir,

Your affectionate Servant,

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JOHN WESLEY.

