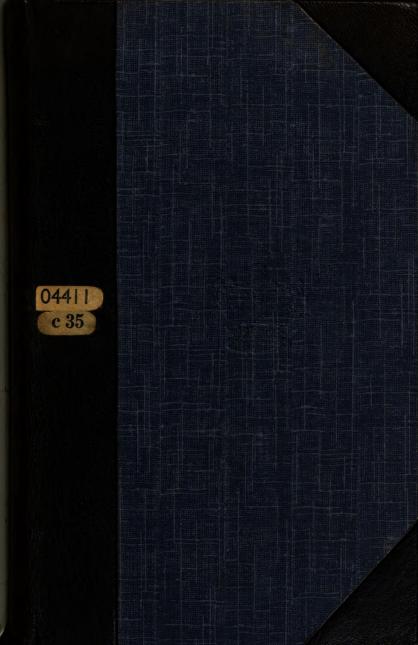
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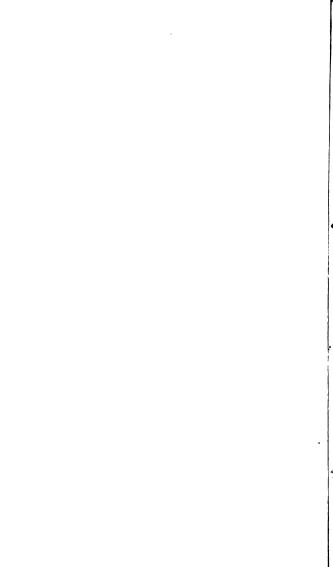


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Bunian (Car)

Pilgrim's Progress

FROM THIS

W O R L D

TO THAT

WHICH IS TO COME.

ABRIDGED

By JOHN WESLEY, M.A. Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford.

I CORINTH. i. 27.

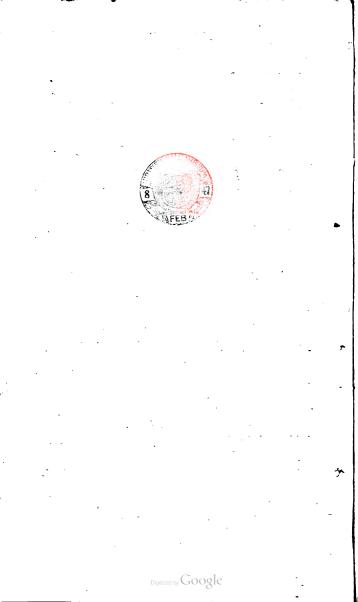
God hath chosen the foolish Things of the World, to confound the wife.

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NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE:

Printed by JOHN GOODING, on the Side: Sold by R. AKENHEAD, on Tyne Bridge, Newcafle; by T. TRYE, at Gray's Inn Gate, Holbourn, at the Foundery, near Upper-Moorfields, London; and at the New-School in the Horfe-Fair, Briflol. 1743.

[Price Sour Perce]



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Pilgrim's Progrefs, &c.



S I walked thro' the Wilderness of this World, I laid me down to fleep. And as I flept, I dream d, and behold, I faw a Man cloathed with Rags, standing in a certain Place; with his Face from his Houfe, a Book in his Hand, and a great Bur. then upon his Back. 1 looked and

aw him open the Book and read therein; and as he ead, he wept and trembled : And not being able longer o contain, he broke out, faying, What (ball I do to be avid?

In this Plight he went home, and refrained himfelf s long as he could, that his Wife and Children might ot perceive his Diftrefs. But his Trouble fo increased. hat he foon burft out, "O my dear Wife, and you the hildren of my Bowels, I am undone by reason of this urthen, which lieth fo hard upon me. Moreover, I m certainly inform'd, that this our City will shortly e destroyed with Fire from Heaven; in which Overnrow we shall all miserably perish, except some Way of scape be found." At this they were fore amazed; ot that they believed what he faid, but because they ought him diffempered in his Head. However, hoping eep might fettle him again, they in all hafte got him Bed.

But the Night was as grievous to him as the Day. Sead of fleeping, he fpent it in Sighs and Tears. And he Morning, when they afk'd him, "How he did ?" told them, "Worfe and worfe." They then thought 10

to drive away his Diftemper by harfh and furly Carriage to him. Sometimes they would deride, fometimes chide, and fometimes quite neglect him. Wherefore he began to retire more to his Chamber, to pray for them, and to bemoan his own Mifery. He would alfo walk folitary in the Fields, fometimes reading and fometimes praying. And thus for fome Days he fpent his Time.

Now I faw, upon a Time when he was walking in the Fields, that he was, as he was wont, reading his Book; and as he read, he burft out as before, faying, What must I do to be faved?

I faw alfo, that he looked this Way and that Way, as if he would run; yet he ftood ftill, becaufe (as I perceived) he could not tell which Way to go. I looked then and faw a Man, call'd *Evangelift*, coming to him, who afk'd, "Wherefore doeft thou cry?".

He answered, "Sir, I perceive by the Book in my Hand, that I am condemned to die, and after that to come to Judgment. And I find I am not willing to do the first, nor able to do the fecond."

Then faid Evangelif, "Why not willing to die?" "The Man aniwered, "Becaufe I fear that this Burden which is on my Back will fink me lower than the Grave. And, Sir, if I am not fit to go to Prifon, I am not fit to go to Judgment."

"But, faid Evangelift, if this be thy Condition, Why Handeft thou fill?" He answered, "Because I know not whether to go." Then, faid Evangelist, pointing over a wide Field, "Do you see yonder little Gate?" Go up directly to it and knock; and it shall be told thee what thou shalt do."

So I faw in my Dream, that the Man began to run. He had not run far, before his Wife and Children perceiving it, began to cry after him to return : But he ftopp'd his Ears and ran on, crying, "Life, Life ! Etercei Life," without once looking behind him.

The Neighbours also came out; and as he ran fome mocked, others threaten'd, and fome called to him to return. And of these, two resolved to fetch him back by Force; the Name of the one was Obstinate, of the other, Pliable. He was now got a good Distance from them s

them; however, in a little Time they overtook him. Then faid the Man, "Neighbours, Wherefore are you come?" They faid, To perfuade you to go back with us." But he faid, "That cannot be; you dwell in the City of *Deftruction*, the Place also where I was born. And if you die there, you will fink into a Place that burns with Fire and Brimstone. Be content, good Neighbours, and go along with me."

What, faid Obstinate, and leave our Friends and all our Comforts behind us?

Yes, faid *Cbriftian*, (that was his Name) for all thefe are not worthy to be compared with the leaft Part of what I feek; and if you will go with me, there is enough and to fpare.

Ob/f. What are the Things you feek, fince you leave all the World to find them?

Cbr. I feek an Inberitance, incorruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away.

Obft. Tush, away with your Cant. Will you go back with us or no?

Chr. No, not I. I have put my Hand to the Plow.

Obf. Come then, Neighbour, let us go home without him. •There is a Company of these crazy Coxcombs, that when they get a Fancy by the End, are wifer in their own Eyes than seven Men that can render a Reason.

Pliable, Don't revile. Who knows but what he fays is trae ? I have almost a mind to go with him.

Obf. What more Fools still ? Come back, come back. -Who knows whither a Madman may lead you ?

Chr. Nay, but come with me, to the Glory which fball be revealed. And if you believe not me, read here in this Book; the Truth of which is confirmed by the Blood of him that made it.

Plia. Neighbour *Obfinate*, I think I will go with this good Man, and caft in my Lot with him.

 OU_{f} . Then get you gone. I will e'en go home. I will be no Companion for fuch whimfical Fellows.

Now I faw in my Dream, that when Objiinate was gone back, Chriftian and Pliable went on talking together.

A z

Plia.

Plia. Come Neighbour, fince we are alone, tell the farther what the Things are to which we are going.

Cbr. I can better conceive than speak them. There is a Kingdom that cannot be moved; a House eternal in the Heavens, where we shall shine as the Firmament, and as the Stars for ever and ever.

Plia. And what Company shall we have there ?

Chr. There will be an innumerable Company of Angels, Ten Thoufand Times Ten Thoufand, and Thoufands of Saints, of holy Men, out of every Kindred, and People, and Nation. There we shall see those who were cut in Pieces, burnt with Fire, eaten with Beasts, for the Love they bore to the Lord of the Place; having now overcome Sin, and Death, and Pain, and put on Immortality as a Garment.

Plia. Glad am I to hear of these Things. Come on, let us mend our Pace.

Now I faw in my Dream, that they drew nigh to a Slougb that was in the Midft of the Plain, (it was called D(fond) and being heedlefs, they both fuddenly fell in. "Ah, Neighbour, faid *Pliable*, where are we now?" "Truly, faid *Cbriftian*, I do not know. At this *Pliable* was much offended, and faid, "Is this the Happinefs you talked of all this While? If we have fuch ill fpeed at fetting out, What may we expect before our Journey's End? If I get out hence with my Life, you fhall have the brave Country alone for me." And with that he gave a defperate Struggle or two, and got out of the Mire on the Side next his own Houfe. So away he went, and *Cbriftian* faw him no more.

Wherefore *Chriftian* was left in the Slough alone; but ftill he ftruggled toward that Side which was fartheft from his own Houfe, yet could not get out, because of his Burthen. But I beheld a Man come to him, whose Name was *Help*, and afked, "What he did there ;"

Chr. Sir, I was directed to go by this Way to yonder Gate ; and as I went, I fell in here.

Then, faid he, "Give me thy Hand." So he gave him his Hand, and he drew him out, and fet him on firm Ground.

But Christian had not gene far, before one met him, who was crossing over the Plain. The Gentleman's Name

Name was Worldly Wifeman. Having fome Knowledge of Christian by Report, (for his leaving the City of Defiruction was noifed far and near) he began thus:

World. Wilt thou hearken to me, if I give thee Counfel?

Chr. Yea, if it be good, I will.

World. I counfel thee then, get rid of that Burthen with all Speed, elfe thou wilt never be fettled in thy Mind.

Chr. That is what I feek; but get it off myfelf I cannot: Nor is there any Man in our Country can take it off.

World. Who bid you go this Way to be rid of it ?

Cbr. One that appeared to me a great and honourable Perfon. His Name, I think, is Evangelift.

World. Befhrew him for his Counfel. There is not a more dangerous or troublefome Way in the World than this. Hear me; I am older than thou. Thou art like to meet in the Way thou now goeft, Wearinefs, Painfulnefs, Nakednefs, Hunger, Peril, Sword; Death itfelf, and what not?

Chr. Sir, this Burthen is worfe than all thefe. I care not what I meet with, fo I get rid of this.

World. How cameft thou by it at firft?

Chr. By reading this Book.

World. I thought fo. So it has fared with other weak Men, who, meddling with Things too high for hem, fuddenly fall into Diffraction, and run upon dz_{r}^{-} perate Ventures, to obtain they know not what.

Chr. I know what I would obtain. It is Ease from my Burthen.

World. Hadft thou but Patience to hear, I could lirect thee to obtain that, without running into any of hefe Dangers.

Chr. Pray, Sir, open this Secret to me.

World. Why, in yonder Village there lives a Gentleman, whole Name is *Legality*, a very judicious Man, and of good Credit and Fashion : He has helped abunlance of Men off with such Burthens as thine is.

Cbr. Sir, Which is my Way to his House ?

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Wo. Ld.

World. You must go by yonder high Hill, and the first House you come at is his.

So *Cbriftiau* turn'd out of his Way. But when he was got hard by the Hill, it hung fo much over the Way, that he was afraid to venture on, leaft it fhould fall upon his Head. Wherefore he flood ftill, and knew not what to do. Likewife his Burthen feem'd heavier than before. There came alfo Flafhes of Fire out of the Hill, that made him afraid he fhould be burnt; infomuch that he now quaked for Fear, and was forry he came out of his Way. And with that he faw *Evangelift* 'coming to meet him, at the Sight of whom he blufhed for Shame: So he came up to him, and with a fevere Countenance faid,

Evang. What doeft thou here? To which he knew not what to answer, but flood speechless before him.

E-vang. Art not thou the Man whom I found crying without the Walls of the City of Deftruction?

Chr. Yes, Sir, I am.

Evang. Did I not direct thee to the little Gate ? How is it that thou art fo quickly turn'd afide ?

Ckr. I met a Gentleman who told me, I might find one in yonder Village that could take off my Burthen.

Then faid Evargelift, Stand still a little, that I may tell these the Words of the Lord. So he stood trembling. Then Evangchift faid, See that ye refuse not him that speaketh: For if they escaped not who refused him that speaketh: For if they escaped not we escape, if we turn away from him that speaketh from Heaven: For eve Just shall live by Faith; but if he draw back, my Soul shall have no Pleasure in him.

Then Christian fell down at his Feet as dead. But Evangelist caught him by the Right hand, and faid, All manner of Sins and Blassphemics shall be forgiven unto Men: Be not faithless, but believing. At this his Spirit a little revived, and he stood up trembling before Evangelist.

Then Evangelist faid, Give more carneft Hecd unto the Things that I shall tell thee of. There are three Things in the Counsel of the Man that met thee, which thou must utterly abhor.

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1. His turning thee out of the Way.

2, His

2. His labouring to make the Crofs odious to thee.

3. His fetting thy Feet in the Way that leadeth to Death.

First, Thou must abhor his turning thee out of the Way; for this is to reject the Counsel of God, seeing the Lord saith, Strive to enter in at the strait Gate, the Gate to which I sent thee. For strait is the Gate that leadeth unto Life, and few there be that find it.

Secondly, Abhor his labouring to make the Crofs odious to thee; for thou art to prefer it before the Treafures of Egypt. Befides the Lord hath faid, He that will fave his Life shall lofe it: And, If any Man will come, after me, and hate not his Father and Mother, and Wife and Children, and Brethren and Siflers, yea, and his own Life alfo, he cannot be my Disciple. The Doctrine therefore which teacheth to hate or shun the Crofs, thou must utterly abhor.

Thou must, *lastly*, abhor his fetting thy Feet in the Way that leadeth to Death. For he to whom thou wast fent, *Legality* by Name, is the Son of the Bondwoman: And this is Mount Sinai, which gendereth unto Bondage, and unto Death eternal. He cannot free any Man of his Burthen: Nor is it possible he should; for by the Works of the Law (ball no Fleft living be justified.

After this Evangelifi called aloud to the Heavens for the Confirmation of what he had faid. And there came Words and Fire out of the Mountain. The Words we: e these, As many as are of the Works of the Law, are under the Curfe: For it is written, Curfed is every one that continueth nat in all Things which are written in the Book of the Law to do them.

Now *Chriftian* looked for nothing but Death, and cried out with a bitter Cry: Nevertheles, turning to *Evangelift*, he faid, "Sir, Is there any Hope? May my Sin be forgiven? May I yet go back, and enter in at that Gate? Shall I not be fent away with Shame?"

Then Evangelift faid, "Thy Sin is great; yet it may be forgiven. The Man at the Gate will let thee in: But take heed thou turn not afide again, left, if his Wrath be kindled, yea, but a little, thou perifh from the Way."

So he went on with hafte; neither spake he to any by

by the Way. He went as one treading on forbidden Ground; and could not think himfelf fafe, till he got into the Way, out of which he had turned before. He then went on with all his Might till he came to the Gate; over which was written, *Knock*, and it *foall be* open'd unto you. He knocked therefore more than once or twice. At laft there came a grave Perfon to the Gate, named Goodwill, who afked, "Who was there ? Whence he came ? And what he wanted?"

Chr. Here is a poor burden'd Sinner. I come from the City of Defination, and am going to Mount Zion; and I understand I am to go thro' this Gate, if you are willing to let me in.

I am willing with all my Heart, faid he, and with that he open'd the Gate.

When *Christian* was stepping in, the other pulled him fuddenly. Then faid *Christian*, What means that ? He replied, A little Way off is a strong Castle, of which *Beelzebub* is the Captain; from whence he continually shoots at those who come to this Gate, if haply they may die before they can enter in. Then faid *Christian*, "I rejoice and tremble."

Goodw. But who directed you hither ?

Chr. One named Evangelist, who faid, that you would tell me what I muft do.

Goodw. An open Door is fit before thee, and no Man can fout it. But how is it thou art come alone?

Chr. One of my Neighbours came with me a little Way; but then he was difcouraged, and went back; and I alfo foon after turned afide, to go in the Way of Death. So that, had not *Evangelift* met me again, I had never come hither. And O! what a Favour is this to me, that I am fuffered to enter here!

Goodew. We make no Objections against any. Whatever they have done before they came, if they knock, the Gate is open'd to them. Him that cometh, we in no wife cast out,

But come with me, and I will teach thee concerning the Road. Doeft thou fee this narrow Way? That is the Way thou must go. It was caft up by the Patriarchs, Prophets, Chrift and his Apofiles.

Chr. But are there no Ways that turn out of this ?

Goodev. Yes, many: But they are crooked and wide. The Right Way only is ftrait and narrow. Go on therein, till thou comeft to the House of the *Integreter*, and he will fhew thee excellent Things. -

So Christian went on till he came to the House; where he knocked, and asked for the Master of the House. To whom, when he came, he spoke thus.

Sir, I am a Man that am come from the City of *De-fruction*, and am going to Mount *Zion*. And I was informed by him at the Gate, that if I called here you would fhew me excellent Things.

Then faid the Interpreter, "Come in, and I will fhew thee that which will be profitable to thee." So he took him by the Hand, and led him into a large Parlour that was full of Duft. After a while he called for a Man to fweep; which he had no fooner begun to do, than the Duft fo abundantly flew about, that Chriftian was almost choaked. Then the Interpreter faid to a Damfel, "Bring hither Water, and fprinkle the Room:" After which it was eafily fwept and cleanfed.

This Parlour, faid the Interpreter to Christian, is the Heart of a Natural Man. The Duft is his Original Sin, and inward Corruptions, of every kind. He that first began to fweep is the Law; the that fprinkled it, is the $G_{\ell}/p_{\ell}l$. Now whereas thou faweft, that by his fweeping the Duft was only raifed, and the Room not cleanfed at all; this is to fhew thee, that the Law, inflead of cleanfing the Heart from Sin, doth revive and increase it in the Soul. For, by the Law is only the Knowledge of Sin; but not Deliverance from it.

Again, Thou fawest the Damsel sprinkle the Room; after which it was cleansed with Pleasure: This is to shew thee, that when the Gospel comes into the Heart, Sin is easily subdued; and the Soul made clean thro' Faith, and fit for the King of Glory to inhabit.

He then led him into a Place, where was a Fire burning against a Wall, and one continually caffing Water upon it, yet could he not quench it, but the Flame rose higher than before.

This Fire, faid he, is the Work of Grace that is wrought in a believing Heart. He that cafts Water upon it, is the Devil. Yet can he not quench it, for the

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Reason thou shalt now see." So he carried him to the other Side of the Wall, where was a Man with a Vessel of Oil in his Hand, out of which he continually cast into the Fire. Then faid *Christian*, What means this?

The Interpreter answered, This is Chrift, who continually, with the Oil of his Grace, maintains the Work already begun in the Heart, fo that the Devil cannot quench it. And he ftands behind the Wall to shew, it is hard for the tempted to see how this Work is maintained in his Soul.

He then took him by the Hand, and led him into a pleafant Place, where was a fately Palace; on the Top of which were certain Perfons walking, who were cloathed all in Gold. At the Door below flood a great Company of Men defirous to go in, but yet afraid. For in the Door-way flood many armed Men, to keep it, and drive all back. At laft a Man of a flout Countenance came up, drew his Sword, put a Helmet on his Head, and rufh'd into the Midft of the Armed Men, who fell upon him with all their Force. But after receiving and giving many Wounds, he cut his Way thro' them all, and went in. Then was heard a pleafant Voice from within, faying,

> Come in, Soldier of Chrift, come in t Eternal Glory thou shalt win !

I verily think, faid *Chriftian*, I know the Meaning of this; now then let me go hence.

Stay, faid the Interpreter, till I have fnewed thee a little more. Then he took him by the Hand again, and led him into a very dark Room, where fat a Man in an Iron Cage; his Eyes were fixt on the Ground, his Hands folded together, and he fighed as if he would break his Heart.

Then faid Christian, "What art thou? He replied, I am a Man of Defpair: 1 am fo fast in Prison that I cannot get forth.

Cbr. But how cameft thou there?

Man. I left off to watch and pray; I finned againft Light and Love; I grieved the Spirit, and he is gone from me; I tempted the Devil, and he is come into me; I defied God, and he hath forfaken me.

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Chr. But have you no Hope? The Son of the Bleffed

of tender Mercy. Man. But i have crucified him to my felf afresh, I we counted his Blood an unholy thing, I have done espight to the Spirit of Grace : And there remaineth no ore Sacrifice for Sin; but a certain fearful looking for. fiery Indignation, which shall devour me as an Adver-17.

Chr. But can'ft thou not repent ? Man. No, never more; for I have quench'd the birit. O Eternity, Eternity ! Who can tell the Length Eternity !

Chr. Well, God help me to watch and pray. - Sir, it not time for me to go on my Way? Int. I will shew thee one thing more, and then thou

alt go. So he led him into a Chamber where was one ing out of Eed, who shook and trembled exceedgly: Then faid Chriftian, "Why doft thou tremble us ?" This Night, faid he, as I was in my Sleep, I earned, and behold the Heavens were exceeding black ; fo it thundered and lightened on every Side. So I oked up and faw the Skies divide; And I heard a great und of a Trumpet: And I faw one defcend, fitting a Cloud, attended with the Thoufands of Heaven : ey were all arrayed with Flaming Fire: Alfo the eavens were in a burning Flame. I then heard a oice out of the Fire faying, "Arife ye dead and come Judgment;" and behold the Rocks rent, the Graves ere opened, and the Dead that were therein came rth : Some of these look'd up, and were exceeding id, and fome fought to hide themselves under the ountains. Then I faw Him who fat upon the oud open a Book, and bid the World draw near; yet s there a Diftance, by reason of a fierce Flame which ed out, and came before him. I heard it also proclaimto them that attended on him who fat upon the Cloud, Gather together the Tares and Chaff, and caft them o the Lake that burneth with Brimftone;" and the ttomlefs Pit opened her Mouth, and there came forth noak and Coals of Fire. It was also proclaimed, Gather the Wheat into my Garner;" and I faw many ight up in the Clouds, but I was left, I then called

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to

to the Mountains to fall upon me, and the Rocks to cover me, but in vain: For the Man that fat upon the Cloud fill kept his Eye upon me. Then came all my Sins to my Remembrance, and fear was on every Side, fo I awoke.

Then faid the *Interpreter* to *Chriftian*, "Keep thefe Things in thy Mind, that they may be as a Goad in thy Side wherever thou goeft, and the Comforter be always with thee, and guide thee in the Way that leads to the City."

Now I faw in my Dream, that the Highway up which, he was to go, was fenced on every Side with a Wall called *Salvation*. Up this Way he ran, till he came at a Place where ftood a Crofs, and fomewhat below, a Sepulchre. Just as *Chriftian*-came to the Crofs, his Burthen loofed, fell off, and roll'd down, till it came to the Mouth of the Sepulchre, where it fell in; and I faw it no more.

Then was Christian glad, and faid with a merry Heart, The Life that I now live, I live by Faith in the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himfelf for me.

Then he ftood a while to look and wonder, even till the Tears run down his Cheeks; and as he ftood, three fhining ones came and faluted him with, *Peace be unto* thee. Then the first faid unto him, *Thy Sins are forgi* wenthee; the fecond stripp'd him of his Rags, and cloathed him with Change of Raiment; and the third fet a Mark on his Forchead, and gave him a Roll, with a Seal upon it, which he bid him look on as he ran, and give it at the Gate of the City.

I beheld then that he went on rejoicing, till he came to the Foot of the Hill *Difficulty*. At the Bottom of this was a Spring, of which he drank, and was refrefhed, and then began to go up the Hill. Sometimes he ran; then walked; then climbed on his Hands and Knees, becaufe of the Steepnefs of the Place. Now, about the Midway to the Top of the Hill, was a pleafant Arbour, planted by the Lord of the Hill, for the Relief of weary Travellers. Here therefore he fat down to reft, and pulled his Roll out of his Bofom, to read therein, and comfort himfelf. He also began to furvey his new Raiment, till he fell into a Slumber, and thence

inte

into a fail Sleep, which held him till it was almost Night? And, in his Sleep, his Roll fell out of his Hand. Then came one to him and faid, Go to the Ant, thou Sluggard; confider her Ways, and be wife. On this he flarted up; and went apace till he came to the Top of the Hill.

He now felt in his Bosom for his Roll, that he might read therein, and be comforted : But he found it not. Then was he much perplex'd, and knew not what to do. At last he bethought himself, that he had slept in the Arbour on the Side of the Hill; and falling down, he afked God Forgiveness for his Folly, and then went back to look for his Roll. But all the Way he went, who can tell the Sorrow of his Heart? Sometimes he figh'd, fometimes he wept ; mean while, looking carefully on each Side, if in any wife he might find it. He went thus till he came in fight of the Arbour, where he had fat and flept. But that Sight renewed his Grief. till he broke out, "O wretched Man that I am ! That I shou'd sleep in the Midst of Difficulty ! That I shou'd use that Reft for Ease to my Fleih, which was intended only for the Relief of the Spirits of weary Pilgrims ! How far might I have been on my Way by this! And now alfo the Day is far fpent." By this Time he was come to the Arbour again ; where, looking under the Seat, he expied his Roll: With trembling and hafte he caught it up. But who can tell how joyful he was? For this Roll was the Affurance of his Life and Acceptance at the defired Haven. He laid it up in his Bosom, gave God Thanks, and with Tears of Joy betook himself again to his Journey. He got up the Hill just as the Sun went down; when, lifting up his Eyes, he beheld a flately Palace before him, which flood by the Highway-fide.

So he made hafte and went forward, that if possible he might get lodging there. But before he had gone far, he enter'd into a narrow Paffage, about a Furlong from the Porter's Lodge: When, looking carefully betore him as he went, he espied two Lyons in the Way. Then he was afraid, and thought to go back ; but the Porter perceiving him to make a Halt, cried out, is thy Strength to finall ! Fear them not. They are hained; and are placed there for the Triad of thy aith. Keep in the Midft of the Path, and no Hurt final ome unto thee."

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They

'Then I faw that he went on, tho' trembling, till he came to the Gate, and afked, if he might lodge there ?

Porter. I will call one of the Houle. So he rung a Bell, and there came out a Damfel named Difcretion; who, after asking him feveral Questions, faid, "I will call out two or three more of the Family;" so the ran to the Door and called Prudence, Piety and Charity: who, after a little more Difcourse with him, brought him in; and many meeting him at the Entrance, faid, "Come in thou bleffed of the Lord; this House was built to entertain Travellers to Zion."

They fat talking together till Supper was ready. And at the Table alfo, all their Talk was about the Lord of the Hill: What he had done; how great a Warrior he was; and how he had fought with and flain him that had the Power of Death; tho' not without great Danger to himfelf, and the Lofs of much Blood.

Thus they difcourfed till late at Night; and then Chriflian was laid in a large upper Chamber, the Name of which was Peace. In the Morning they flewed him the Records of the greateft Antiquity: In which was the Pedigree of the Lord of the Hill, the Son of the Ancient of Days. Here allo were fully flewn the Acts he had done, and the worthy Deeds of many of his Servants; who had fubducd Kingdoms, wrought Righteoufselfs, flopt the Mouths of Lyons, quenched the Violence of Fire; cleaped the Edge of the Savord, waxed valiant in Fight, and turned to flight the Armies of the Aliens.

The next Day they took him into the Armory, where they thewed him all manner of Furniture, provided for Pilgrims, Swords, Shields, Helmets, Breat plates, and Shoes that would never wear out. And there was here enough of these to arm as many Men as there are Stars in Heaven for Multitude.

They then armed him from Head to Foot, left he Anould meet with Affaults by the Way. And when he fet out, Piety, Charity and Prudence, accompanied him to the Foot of the Hill. Then faid Chriftian, "As it avas difficult coming up this Hill, fo I fee it is dangerous going down." "It is fo, faid Prudence; for it is a hard 'Thing for a Man to go down into the Valley of Humification, and catch no flip by the Way." When they

were come to the Bottom, they gave him a Loaf of Bread, a Bottle of Wine, and a Cluster of Raifins, and then he went on his Way.

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He had gone but a little Way in the Valley, before he efpied a foul Fiend coming to meet him; his Name was Apollyon. Then did he caft in his Mind, whether to go back, or ftand his Ground. But he confidered, he had no Armour for his Back, and therefore refolved to ftand. So he went on, and Apollyon met him. Now the Monfter was hedious to behold. He was cloathed with Scales; (and they are his Pride) he had Wingslike a Dragon; out of his Belly came Fire and Smoak, and his Mouth was as the Mouth of a Lion. He beheld *Ch. iftian* with a difdainful Look, and began to queftion him thus:

Apoll. Whence cameft thou? And whither doeft thou go ?

Chr. I came from the City of Defination, and am going to Mount Zion.

Apoll. Thou art one of my Subjects. All that Country is mine. I am the Prince and God of it. How is it then that thou art fled from thy King?

Chr. I was your Subject; but your Service was hard, and I could endure it no longer.

Apoll. Since thou complaineft of thy Service, go back with me; and whatever our Country affords I will give thee.

Chr. But I have hired myfelf to another, even the King of Kings. How then can I go back?

Apoll. It is common for those that have profes'd themfelves his Servants, after a while, to return to me. Do thou fo, and all shall be well.

Chr. I have for Allegiance to him; and how can I go from this, without being a Traitor?

Apoll. Thou didft the fame to me; and yet I will pafs by all, if thou wilt now return.

Chr. I tell thee, once for all, I like his Service, his Wages, his Government, his Servants, his Company, and Country, better than thine; and him only will I ferve.

Apoll. Yet confider, in cool Blood, what thou art like to meet with in the Way that thou goeft. How many of

his

his Servants came to ill Ends ? How many have been put to fhameful Deaths ? And yet, as good a Mafter as he is, he cometh not to deliver them out of my Hands.

Chr. His delaying to deliver them, is on purpose to try their Lowe. And as for their ill End, as thou calles it, that is their Glory. For present Deliverance, they ask it not; being content to wait for their Reward, till. their Prince shall come.

Chr. Wherein ?

Apoll. Thou didft faint at fetting out, in the Slough of Defpond. Thou didft attempt wrong Ways to be rid of thy Burthen. Thou didft finfully fleep, and lofe thy choice Things. Thou waft well-nigh frighted back by the Lions. And when thou talkeft of thy Journey, and of what thou haft feen and heard, there is Pride in all. thou fayeft.

Chr. All this is true, and much more. But the King I ferve is a merciful King; yea, I know, he is merciful to my Unrighteousness, and my Sins he remembreth no more.

Then *Apollyon* broke out into a Rage and faid, "I am an Enemy to thy King. I hate his Perfon, his People, his Laws. I am come out on purpose to withstand, thee."

Chr. Beware what thou doeft. I am in the King's. Highway, the Way of Holinefs.

Then did Apollyon firide quite over the Way, and faid, " I am void of Fear in this Matter. Prepare thyfelf to die. For no farther shalt thou go. Here will I spill, thy Soul."

With that he threw a flaming Dart at his Breaft: But Chriftian caught it with his Shield, and drew his Sword, while Apollyon continued throwing Darts as thick as Hail. This made Chriftian give a little back; but he foon took Courage again: Yet the Combat lasting forabove half a Day, he at length began to grow faint and weary.

Apollyon feeing this, came up close to Christian, and wreftling with him, gave him a dreadful Fall; and withal Christian's Sword flew out of his Hand. Then

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faid Apollyon, " I am fure of thee now." But as he was fetching his laft Blow, Christian nimbly stretched out his Hand for his Sword, and caught it, faying, Rejoice not against me, O mine Enemy; when I fall, I shall arise; and with that he gave him a deadly Thrust, which made him draw back. Christian perceiving this, made at him again, faying, Nay, in all these Things we are more than Conquerors thro' him that loved us. But Apollyon spread forth his Dragon's Wings, and fled away, that Christian faw him no more.

Then there came to him a Hand with fome of the Leaves of the Tree of Life, which he applied to his Wounds, and they were immediately healed. After this he addrefs'd himfelf to his Journey, but with his Sword drawn in his Hand. Now at the End of this Valley was another, called, The Valley of the Shadow of Death. The Prophet Jeremiab deferibes it thus, A Wildernefs, a Land of Deferts and of Pits, a Land of Drought, a Land that no Man (but a * Chriftian) paffeth thro', and where no Man dwelt.

On the Right-hand of this Valley was a deep Ditch ; that is it into which the Blind have led the Blind, in all Ages, and have both there miferably perifhed together. On the Left; there was a dangerous Quagmire, into which whoever falls, (as *David* did once) finds no Bottom for his Foot to fland on.

The Path alfo was exceeding narrow. So that when Chriftian fought to fhun the Ditch, he was ready to drop into the Mire; and when he fought to fhun the Mire, to fall into the Ditch.' Likewife the Night was fo dark, that often when he lift up his Foot, he knew not where he fhould fet it next.

About the Midft of the Valley was the Mouth of Hell; and it ftood hard by the Way-fide. Now, thought *Chriftian*, What fhall I do? For, ever and anon the Smoak and Flame would come out, with fuch Abundance of Sparks and hideous Noifes, that he found no Weapon avail'd but *Prayer*. So he cried aloud, with all his Might, O Lord, I befeech thee, deliver my Soul. He walked on a great while in the Midft of the Flames. B 3 Alio

* N.B. I cannot learn, either from Scripture or Experience, that every Christian passes thro' this coorde

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Alfo he heard doleful Voices, and rufhing too and fro ; fo that fometimes he thought he fhould be trodden down like Mire in the Streets. Thus he went on for feveral Miles, till he heard a Company of Fiends coming forward to meet him. At this he knew not what to do ; but at length refolved to go on. They feem'd to come nearer and nearer ; but when they were come juft up, he cried out, with a most vehement Voice, I will walk in the Strength of the Lord God. So they gave back, and came no farther.

I took Notice, that *Chriftian* was now fo amazed, hedid not know his own Voice: For juft as he was overagainst the Mouth of the Pit, one of the wicked Ones Repp'd up foftly, and whisper'd many grievous Blafphe-mies to him, which he verily thought had proceeded from his own Mind.

When he had travelled thus for fome Time, he thought he heard the Voice of one before him, faying, The I walk thre' the Valley of the Shadow of Death, I will fear no Ewil; for thou art with me.

Then was he glad, hoping to have Company by and by; fo he hasted on, and in a while the Day broke. Then faid Christian, He hath turned the Shadow of Death into the Morning.

He now looked back; not out of a Defire to return, but to fee the Dangers he had gone thro'. He feared them more before; but he faw them now more clearly, because of the Light of the Day. And about this Time the Sun arose, which was another Mercy. For as dangerous as the first Part of the Valley was, the second was more dangerous still. The Way from the Place where he now flood, even to the End, being fo full of Snares, Traps and Nets, and also of Pits, deep Holes, and Shelvings down, that had it now been dark, he much have perished. Then said he, His Candle formethe on my Head, and by bis Light I go thro' Darknis.

In this Light he walked to the End of the Valley, and came to a fmall Afcent; from whence looking forward, he faw *Faithful* a little Way before him; to whom *Chriftian* cried, "Stay, ftay, till I come up." But *Faithful* anfwered, "No; I can ftay for none; I am io;

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am upon my Life; the Avenger of Blood is behind me."

At this Christian was fomewhat moved, and putting forth all his Strength, he foon got up with Faithful, and outwent him. So the last was first. Then did Christian finile, because he had got the Start of his Brother: But not taking heed to his Feet, he fuddenly fumbled and fell; nor could he rife again, till Faithful came to help. him.

Then I faw in my Dream, they went lovingly on together, difcourfing of many Things.

Chr. How long after me did you stay in the City of Destruction ?

Faith. Till I could flay no longer ; it being in every ones Mouth, that the City would shortly be destroyed. with Fire from Heaven.

Chr. But why then did no more of them come with. you ?

Faith. I do not think they firmly believed it, elfe they could not have flaid there.

Chr. Did you hear no Talk of Neighbour Pliable?

Faith. O yes, he is now despiled of all. He is feven. Times worfe than if he had never fet out.

Chr. But why fhould they defpife him, fince they defpife the Way which he forfook ?

Faith. They fay, "O hang him : He is a Turn-coat; he was not true to his Profession." God bath firred up bis Enemies to bifs at him, and make him a Proverb, because he bath forsaken the Way.

Chr. Did you escape the Slough of Despond ?

Faith. Yes; but I met with one, whofe Name was Wanton, that had like to have done me a Mischief.

Chr. How did you avoid it ?

Faith. I remember'd an old Writing which faid, Her Steps take Hold of Hell. So I that my Eyes. Then the railed on me, and I went my Way.

Chr. Did you meet with no other Affault ?

ç, Faith. Yes: At the Foot of the Hill Difficulty, L ١g met with a very aged Man, who asked, "If I would tO be content to live with him ?" I asked him his Name ;. he faid, it was Adom the First. I asked then, What I Wages he would give? He told me, I fhould be his 11 Heir.



Heir. Then I afked, How long Time he would have me live with him? And he told me, "As long as he lived himfelf."

Chr. And what Conclusion did you come to ?

Faith. At first I was inclined to go with him; but looking on his Forehead, I faw there written, Put off the Old Man with his Deeds.

Chr. And how then?

Faith. Then it came firongly into my Mind, that however he flatter'd me now, when he got me home to his Houfe, he would fell me for a Slave. So I bade him fay no more; for I would not come near the Door of his Houfe. Then he reviled me, and faid, "He would fend fuch an one after me, as would make my Way bitter to my Soul." So I turned away from him; bur juft as I turned, I felt him take hold of my Flefh, and give me fuch a deadly Twitch, that I thought he had pulled Part of me after him. This made me cry, O wretched Man. So I went on up the Hill.

When I was about half-way up, I looked behind me; and faw one coming after me, fwift as the Wind. So foon as he overtook me, down he knocked me, and laid me for dead. When I was come a little to myfeff, I afked him, Why he ufed me fo? He faid, For inclining to *Adam the Firft*. And with that he ftruck me another Blow on the Breaft, and beat me down backward. When I came to myfelf again, I cried for Mercy. But he faid, "I know not to fhew Mercy;" and knocked me down again. He had doubtlefs madean End of me; but that one came by, and bade him "Forbear."

Chr. Who was he that bade him forbear ?

Faith. I did not know him at first; but as he went by. I faw the Holes in his Hands and in his Side.

Chr. The Man that overtook you was Moles. He fpareth none that transgress his Law. But did you not fee the House on the Top of the Hill?

Faith. Yes; but it was about Noon. So I paft by.

Chr. Did you meet no one in the Valley of Humi-

Faith.. Yes, I met with one Shame: But I think he bears

bears the wrong Name ; for I could not get quit of him. He would never have done.

Chr. Why, what did he fay to you ?

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Faith. He faid, It was a low mean Thing to mind Religion; and that a tender Confeience was an unmanly Thing: That few of the Mighty, or Rich, or Wife regarded it; nor any of them, till they became Fools; till they were perfuaded to venture the Lofs of all, for no Body knows what. He objected alfo, the bafe and low Eftate of moft of those who did mind Religion; likewife their Ignorance and want of Learning, yea, of natural Underftanding. He faid, It was a Shame to fit whining under a Sernion, and to come fighing and groaning home: That it was a Shame to afk my Neighbour Forgivenefs; to make Refitution, if I had taken from any; and, above all, to renounce all the Men of Credit and Reputation, and to confort only with the Poor and Bafe.

Chr. And what did you fay ?

Faith. I knew not what to fay at first, till it came into my Mind, That which is highly effeemed of Men, is had in Abomination with God. Then I faw what God fays is best is fo, tho? all the Men in the World areagainst it. Therefore, they who are Fools for Christ's Sake, are the wisst of Men; and the poor Man that loveth him, is richer than he who hath Thousands of Gold and Silver. I then faid with a loud Voice, Shame depart! Thou art an Enemy to my Salvation. I ame not afframed of the Gospel of Chriss; neither of his Ways, nor of his Servants. I wilt confess them all before Men. So shall he confess me before my Father which is in Heaven.

Chr. Did you meet no Body elfe in the Valley ? Faith. No; for I had Sunfhine all the reft of the Way; and also thro' the Valley of the Shadow of Death.

As they went on, *Faithful* looking on one Side, faw one walking at a Diftance. He was a tall Man, and more comely at a Diftance than at hand. *Faithful* accofted him in this Manner:

Faith. Friend, Whither away? Are you travelling toward Mount Zion?

Man, To the very fame.

Faith.

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Faith. I hope then we shall have your good Company.

Man, With all my Heart.

Faith. Come then, let us pass the Time in discoursing of Things profitable.

Man, It is very acceptable to me to talk of good Things. I am glad I have met those that incline to fo good a Work. For, to speak the Truth, there are but few that care thus to spend their Time, but rather to speak of unprositable Things. And this hath been a Trouble to me. For what is so pleasant as to talk of the Things of God? Who would not delight to talk of Miracles, Wonders, and Signs, which are so sweetly penn'd in the Holy Scripture:

Faith. But, to be profited by the Things we talk of, fhould be our chief Defign.

Man, Without Doubt. And what fo profitable as to talk of these Things? Of the Vanity of earthly Things, and the Excellency of Things above? Or, more particularly, of the Infufficiency of our own, and the Need of Chrift's Righteounes? Of the Necessity of the New Birth, Repentance, Faith, and Prayer, and all the Graces of the Holy Spirit.

Faith. I am glad to hear this from you.

Man, Ala^r, for want of this it is that fo few underftand the Nature of Faith, and the Neceffity of an Inward Change, in order to eternal Life: But ignorantly live in the Works of the Law, by which no Flefh can be juftified. But indeed a Man can receive nothing ex. cept it be given him from above. All is of Grace, not of Works.

Faith. Well then, what fhall we difcourfe of now ?

Man, What you will. I will talk of Things heavenly or earthly, Things moral or evangelical; Things paft or to come; provided that all be done to edifying.

Now did *Faithful* begin to wonder, and ftepping to *Chriftian*, faid foftly, What a brave Companion have we got? At this *Chriftian* finiled, and faid, This Man's Tongue will beguile twenty of them that know him not.

Faith. Do you know him then ?

Chr. Yes, better than he knows himfelf. His Name

is

is Talkative; he comes from our Town; his Religion lies in his Tongue, but has no Place in his Heart.

Faith. Then I am greatly deceived in him.

Chr. So you are. He is one of them that fay and do not. He talks of Faith, of Prayer, and of the New Birth. But he only talks of them. He is the Stain and Reproach of Religion to all that know him. It can fcarce have a good Word where he lives, thro' him. "A Saint abroad, (fay his Neighbours) and a Devil at home." His Life has caufed many to ftumble and fall, and probably will caufe many more.

Faith. Well, I fee Saying and Doing are two Things. Chr. Indeed they are, but poor Talkative is not a-

ware of this: He thinks Hearing and Saying will make a good *Chriftian*, and fo deceives his own Soul.

Faith. I am not fo fond of his Company now. But how fhall we get rid of him?

Chr. Why, begin a ferious Difcourfe on the Power of Religion: And when he has approved of it, (for that he will) afk him plainly, whether it be fet up in his Heart, in his Houfe, and in his Conversation?

Then *Faithful* ftepp'd forward again and faid, Come, what chear ? How is it now ?

Talk. I thank you, I thought we fhou'd have had a great deal of Talk by this Time.

Faith. Well then, let us begin; and fince you leave me to chufe the Queffion, let it be this! How does the Saving Grace of God difcover it felf, when it is in the Heart of Man?

Talk. I perceive then our Talk is to be about the Power of Things. Well, 'tis a very good Queftion. I answer thus: First, where the Grace of God is in the Heart, it causes a great Outcry against Sin. Secondly,—

Faith. Nay hold. Let us confider one at once. I think you shou'd rather fay, it causeth the Soul to abhor Sin.

 T_{alk} . Why, what Difference is there between crying out against, and abhorring Sin?

Faith. O, a great deal. I have heard many cry out againft Sin, who cou'd abide it well enough in the Heart, Houfe and Conversation. Some cry out againft Sin, as a Mother cries out againft the Child in her Lap;

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when the calls it Slut and naughty Girl; and then falls to kifling and hugging it.

Talk. You lie at the Catch, I perceive.

Faith. No, not I. I am only for fetting Matters right. But what is the fecond Thing, which difcovers a Work of Grace in the Heart?

Talk. Great Knowledge of Gofpel-mysteries.

Faith. This Sign fhould have been first: But first or last, it is good for nothing. For there may be great Knowledge of the Mysteries of the Gospel, and yet no Work of Grace in the Heart: Yea, tho' a Man have all Knowledge, he may yet be nothing; and confequently, no Child of God. When Christ faid, Do ye know all these Things? And the Disciples answered, Yes: He faid, Happy are ye if you do them. He doth not lay the Blessing in Knowing, but in doing them. Therefore this Sign also is not true.

Talk. You lie at the Catch again. This is not for Edification.

Faith. Well, if you pleafe, mention any other Sign, how this Work of Grace is difcover'd.

Talk. Not I; for I fee we shall not agree.

Faith. Will you give me leave to do it ?

Talk. You may use your Pleasure.

: Faith. A Work of Grace in the Soul is difcovered to him that has it thus. First, He is convinced of Sin, especially of the entire Corruption of his Nature, and of Unbelief; for which he is condemned already, and hath the Wrath of God abiding on him. Secondly, He receiveth Redemption in *Christ*'s Blood, the Forgiveness of Sins. Thirdly, Being justified by Faith, he hath that Peace of God which passed by Faith, he hath that Peace of God which passed by Faith, he hath that Peace of God which passed by Faith, he rejoiceth that he hath now received the Attonement, the Spirit of God bearing Witness with his Spirit that he is a Child of God. Fifthly, The Love of God is shed abroad in his Heart, by the Holy Ghost which is given unto him. And lastly, Hereby he knoweth he is of God, because he keepeth his Commandments and finneth not.

It is discovered to others. 1. By his open Confession of this Faith, and Peace, and Joy, and Love, and Power over Sin. 2. By a Life answerable thereto; by universal

universal Obedience, by Holiness in all manner of Coak versation.

Wou'd you object any thing to this? If not, give me leave to propole a fecond Question.

Talk. Nay, propofe what you will.

Faith. Do you experience these Things in your own Heart? And doth your Life answer thereto? Pray, say no more than your Conscience can justify you in, and what you know God will say Amen to. For not he that commendeth himself is approved, but whom the Lord commendetb.

Talk. This kind of Difcourfe I did not expect, nor am I difpoled to answer such Questions. I am not bound to take you for my Catechizer; and I do not understand why you ask them.

Faith. I ask them, because (to tell you the Truth) I have heard that your Religion lies in Talk; that your Life gives the Lie to your Professions; that you are a Spot among Christians; and by your unholy Conversation bring a Reproach on that worthy Name whereby we are called.

Talk. Since you judge fo rashly, and are fo ready to take up evil Reports, you are not Company for mer fo Farewell.

Then came up *Cbriftian* and faid, I told you how it wou'd be. You did well to fpeak plainly. I wifh all Men wou'd deal with fuch Men as you have done, and then either they would themfelves come to be truly religious, or the Company of those that are so would be too hot for them.

While he was yet fpeaking, they faw Evangelift coming after them, who foon overtook them and faid, "Peace be unto you. How hath it fared with you, my Friends, fince the Time of our laft Parting"?

Then Christian and Faithful told him of all Thirps that had happened to them on the Way.

Evan. I am glad that in all Things ye are more than Conquerors. I have fowed, and ye have reaped; and the Day is coming, when both he that fowed, and they that reaped, fhall rejoice together; that is, if ye endure to the End. For in due Time ye shall reap, if ye faint not.

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"My Sons, you have heard in the Words of the Truth of the Gofpel, that ye must thro' much Tribulation enter into the Kingdom of Heaven. Therefore you cannot expect to go long on your Pilgrimage, without meeting that whereto ye are called. You have found fomething of the Truth of these Testimonies already, and more will foon follow. For you will come to a Town by and by, where you will be hard beset with Enemies. But be ye faithful unto Death, faith the Lord, and I will give you a Crown of Life."

Then I faw in my Dream, that almost as foon as he had left them, they came in fight of a Town called *Vanity*, where a great Fair is kept all the Year long, called alfo *Vanity Fair*; becaufe (as the wife Man obferved long fince) all that cometh thither is *Vanity*.

At this Fair are fold Houses, Lands, Trade, Places, Honours, Preferments, Titles, Countries, Kingdoms; Delights of all forts, Wives, Husbands, Children, Masters, Servants, Silver, Gold, Precious Stones, Blood, Lives, Bodies, Souls, and indeed what not?

Moreover, here are at all Times to be feen Jugglings, Cheats, Games, Plays, Fools, Knaves, and those of every kind. Here are to be feen too, and that for nothing, Extortion, Rapine, Revenge, Thefts, Murders, Adulterers, falle Swearers, and that of a Blood-red Colour.

Now the Way to Mount Zion lies just thro' the Place where this Fair is kept; and he that would not go thro' this Fair, must needs go out of the World. Hither therefore Cbriftian and Faithful came: But no fooner did they appear than all the People in the Fair were moved, and the Town itfelf was in an Uproar; and that for feveral Reafons: For, I. Their Raiment was quite different from that of any that traded in the Fair. 2. So was their Speech; for they fpoke the Language of Canaan, which few there underftood: So that from one End of the Fair to the other, the Men of the Fair and they feem'd Barbarians to each other: And 3. They fet light by all that was fold there; they cared not fo much as to look upon it; and if any called to them, they fooked up and cried, Turn away my Eyes from bebolding Vanity

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To one, who mocking, asked them, "What will you" Buy?" They answered, "We buy the Truth." At)7C that the Uproar increased; some taunting, some railing, and fome calling upon others to finite them. Now was ₩Ê word brought to the Great One of the Fair, who fent alfome of his trufty Friends, to enquire what these Men I.Ĉ were? So they were brought before them and asked, ziet Whence they came? Whither they went, and what :he they did there in fuch an unufual Garb? The Men anfwer'd, " That they were Strangers and Pilgrims in the he World; that they were going to their own Country; lled and that they had given no Occasion to the Men of the ng, Town thus to abuse and stop them in their Journey." But the Examiners faid, " Either they were flark mad, obor that they came on purpose to put all Things into Con-(Ċ, fusion." Therefore they took them, and befmear'd them with Dirt, and then put them into the Cage, to D:j be a Spectacle to all. But the Men being patient, and er i not rendering Railing for Railing; but, contrarywife, Ĉ, Bleffing, some less prejudiced Men began to checks ng e Ol the baser Sort, for their continual Abuses to them. These flew at them again, telling them they were as bad as the Men in the Cage, and ought to be put with them. no. ien The others replied " That, for ought they could fee, the Men meant no Body any Harm; and that there 'n were many in the Fair who deferved to be punish'd ',aC more than those they thus abused." After many Words, 110 they fell to Blows among themfelves. Then were thefe the two examined again, and charged with being the Aur dik thors of all this Mischief. So they beat them, and led. them in Chains up and down the Fair, for a Terror to الملكة. others, left they should again speak in their Be-(eral half. But Christian and Faithful behaved yet more ren wifely, and received all the Contempt that was put upon ЦŰ them with fuch Meeknefs, that it won to their Side feveac: ral of the Men in the Fair. This put the others into a still d d greater Rage, so that they concluded upon their Death. teț Mean while they remanded them to the Cage, and je. made their Feet faft in the Stocks. 100

When a convenient Time was come, they were brought forth, and arraigned. The Judge's Name was Lord Hategood. The Substance of their Indistment was

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this, "That they were Enemies to, and Diffurbers of, their Trade; that they had made Commotions and Divisions in the Town, and won over some to their own peftilent Opinions."

The first Witness against Faithful was Envy, who spoke to this Effect: "My Lord, this Man is one of the vilest Men in our Country. He neither regards Prince nor People, Law nor Custom; but is continually turning the World upfide down. And I myself heard him affirm, that the Customs of our Town and Christianity could not be reconciled. My Lord, I could fay much more, only I would not be tedious to the Court."

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They then call'd Superflition, who fpake thus: "My Lord, I have not much Knowledge of this Man, neither do I defire it; but this I know, that he is a peffilent Fellow, and of very dangerous Principles. I heard him fay, that our Religion was nought, and fuch as it was impoffible to pleafe God by. And your Lordship very well knows, what must follow from thence: That we worship in vain, and are ftill in our Sins."

Then was *Picktbank* called, and deposed as follows: "My Lord, I have heard this Fellow rail on our Noble Prince, *Bcelzebub*; yea, and speak contemptuously of his most honourable Friends: Nay, he hath not been afraid to rail on you, my Lord, in the same vilifying Terms, with which he has bespatter'd most of the Nobility and Gentry of our Town.

The Judge then faid, Thou Traitor, haft thou heard what these honest Gentlemen have witnessed against thee?

Faith. May I speak a few Words?

Judge, Sirrah, thou deferveft to be flain immediately upon the Place; but that all Men may fee our Gentlens is to thee, we will hear what thou haft to fay.

Faith. I fay, that all the Cuftoms of this Place are flatly opposite to the Word of God: That your Worship, being void both of Faith and Love, is an Abomination to the Lord; and that your Prince, with all his Attendants, are only fit for that Hell which is prepared of old for him and his Angels.

Judge, Gentlemen of the Jury, you have heard this Man's own Confession. What think ye?

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Jury

Jury, We are all agreed. He is guilty of Death.

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Immediately after Sentence was paft, they brought. him out, to do with him acording to their Law. And after they had fcourged him, and buffeted him, they tied him to a Stake, and then burnt him to Afhes.

Now I faw that there flood behind the Multitude a Chariot and Horfes, waiting for *Faithful*, who (fo foon as the earthly Tabernacle was diffolved) was freightway carried therein thro' the Clouds. But *Chriftian* was remanded to Prifon, and fhortly after difcharged; he that hath the Hearts of all Men in his Hand, over-ruling the Malice of his Enemies.

But he went not forth alone; for one, whole Name was *Hopeful*, (having been won by their Meekness and Patience in Suffering) refolved to accompany him whereever he went. He also told *Christian*, that there were many more of the Men in the Fair, that would take their Time and follow after.

So they went on without flopping or looking behind them, till they came to a pleatant Plain, called Eafe; but it was narrow, fo that they were quickly over it. On the farther Side was a little Hill, called Lucre, and in that Hill a Silver Mine, which many who went that Way, had formerly turned afide to fee; but the Ground breaking in with them, they miferably perifhed A little Way off, over against it, stood one, who called to Christian and his Fellow, "Ho! turn afide hither, and I will fhew you a Thing."

Cbr. For what Thing fhould we turn out of our Way? Man, Here is a Mine of Silver. Come and fee. Hope. Let us go and fee it.

Cbr. Not I. I have heard of this Place before, and how many have been flain here; and befide, that Treafure is a Snare to them that feek it, and hindereth them in their Pilgrimage.

Man, Will you not come over and fee?

Chr. Demas, I know thee, who thou art Thou art an Enemy to the right Ways of the Lord. Thou haft been already condemned for turning afide from his Way, And wouldeft thou bring us into the fame Condemnation? Rather fhall thy Money perifh with thee. So they went their Way.



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Now I faw that on the other Side of the Plain, flood an old Monument, at the Sight of which they were furprifed; for it feem'd as if it had been a Woman tranfformed into a Pillar. For fome Time they could not tell what to make of it, till they efpied a Writing upon the Head, which, after laying the Letters together, they found was, *Remember Lot's Wife*. Ah, my Brother, faid *Cbriftian*, this is a feafonable Sight. Had we gone over to view the Hill *Lucre*, we had, for ought I know, been made like this Woman, a Spectacle to all Generations.

Hope. How juftly might I have been as the is ! She only looked back; and I defined to go and fee. I am athamed fuch a Thought thould be in my Heart.

Chr. Let us take Notice of what we see here, for our Help in Time to come. This Woman escaped one Judgment; for she fell not in the Destruction of Sodom; yet she was destroyed by another. She was turned, as we see, into a Pillar of Salt.

I faw then that they went on their Way to a pleafant River, which David calleth, The River of God, but John, The River of the Water of Life. Now their Way lay on the Bank of the River. Here therefore they walked with great Delight; they drank also of the Water of the River, which was enlivening to their weaty Spirits. And on the Banks on either Side, were green Trees for all manner of Fruit; and the Leaves were for the Healing of the Nations. On each Side of the Rivers was also a Meadow, curioufly beautified with Flowers; and it was green all the Year long. In this they lay down and flept; for here they might lie down fafely: But being not yet at their Journey's End, after a floort Time they departed.

They had not journied far, before the River and the Way divided from each other. At this they were not a little forry; yet they durft not go out of the Way. The Path now grew more and more rough, and their Feet were tender with much travelling. So the Souls of the Pilgrims were much discouraged, by reason of the Way. Now a little before them there was a Meadow on the Left Hand, and a Stile to go over into it. Then faid *Chriftian*, if this Meadow lies along by our Way fide,

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het us go into it. He went to fee, and a Path lay along by the Way, on the other Side of the Fence. "'Tis as I wished, faid *Christian*; here is a fmooth Path; come, let us go over."

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Hope. But how if it should lead us out of the Way?

Chr. Nay, look, Does it not go along by the Roadfide ? So Hopeful went after him over the Stile. When they were gone over, they found the Path very eafy for their Feet; and withal, they faw one walking before them. They called and afked him, Whether that Way led ? He faid, To Mount Zion. Look there, faid Chrifiran. Did I not tell you fo ? So they followed, and he went before them; but the Night coming on, they foon loft Sight of him.

He that went before (Vain-confidence by Name) not feeing the Way, (for it was very dark) fell into a deep Pit, which was dug there on purpose, and was dashed to Pieces with his Fall.

Now they heard him fall, and called to know what was the Matter; but there was none to answer, except with Groans. Then, faid *Hopeful*, Where are we now? But *Chriftian* was filent, fearing he had led him out of the Way. And now it began to thunder, and lighten, and rain; and the Waters in the Meadow rose amain.

Then Hopeful groan'd in himfelf, and faid, O that I had kept on my Way !

Chr. Who would have thought that this Path fhould have led us out of the Way?

Hope. I was afraid at first, and should have spoke plainer, but that you are older than I.

Chr. I am forry I brought you out of the Way. But we must not stand still. Let us go back.

Hope. But let me go before.

Chr. No. I led you out of the Way. If there be any Danger, let me be first therein.

Hope. Nay, you shall not go first; for your Mind being troubled, may bring you out of the Way again. But by this Time the Waters were greatly rifen, so that the Way was very dangerous. Yet they refolved to go as far as they could. But it was so dark, and the Flood so high, that they could not, with all the Skill they had,

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get again to the Stile that Night. Wherefore, at laft they fat down under a Tree till Day should break ; but being weary, they fell afleep. Now there was not far off a Caftle, called Doubting-caftle, the Owner whereof was Giant Defpair, who rifing early in the Morning, and walking out, found Chriftian and Hopeful afleep in his Grounds. With a furly Voice, he bid them awake. and afked, Whence they came, and what they did there ? They told him they were Pilgrims that had loft their Way. Then faid the Giant, you have trefpass'd upon my Ground, and therefore must go along with me. Sœ he drove them before him into his Caftle, and caft them into a dark and difmal Dungeon, where they funk in the Mire and Dirt. And here they lay, without Bread, or Water, or Light, or any to care for or comfort them.

The next Morning the Giant came to them again, and beat them in fuch a manner, that they were fcarcely able to help themfelves, or to turn themfelves upon the Floor; then he left them to bewail their Mifery, and to mourn under their Diftrefs: So all that Day they fpent their Time in nothing but Sighs and bitter Lamentations. The Day following he return'd, and perceiwing them to be fore with the Blows they had received, he told them, That fince they were never likely to efcape, their beft Way was to put an End to their Trouble at once. "For what Good faid he, will Life do you? It is only heaping Sorrow upon Sorrow." He then left them to confider what to do;, and they began confulting, together as follows.

Chr. Brother, What shall we do? Is it better to live thus, or to die out of hand? In truth, my Soul chusetb firangling rather than Life, and the Grave is easier for me than this Dungeon.

Hope. Why, Death wou'd be far more welcome to me, than to abide thus for ever. But yet let us confider, our Lord hath faid, Thou fhalt do no Murder: And if we are forbidden to kill another, much more to kill ourfelves : For he that kills another, kills only his Body; but he that kills himfelf, kills both Body and Soul. Befides, you talk of Eafe in the Grave: But have you forgot the Hell whither Murtherers go? And let us confider again, that all the Law is not in the

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Hand of Giant Defpair. Others, I understand, have been taken by him as well as we; and yet have escaped out of his Hands. Who knows but God may strike him with Death? Or that fometime he may forget to lock us in ? For my part, I am refolved to take Heart, and to try the utmost to get from under his Hand. However, let us endure a while. The Time of Release may come : And if not, whatever God permits, let us not be our own Murtherers.

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Toward Evening the Giant came again, to fee if his Prifoners had taken his Counfel. But finding them alive, he fell into a grieyous Rage, and told them, fince they would not obey him, it should be far worse with them than if they had never been born.

He went back, and they began to confuk again, Whether they fhould take his Advice or no ? Christian feemed to incline to it again : But Hopeful replied as follows:

"My Brother, remembreft thou not, how valiant thou haft been heretofore ? Apollyon could not deftroy thee, nor all thou didft meet in the Valley of the Shadow of Death. What Hardships haft thou already gone thro? And art thou now nothing but Fears ? Thou feeft I am in the Dungeon as well as thou : Alfo the Giant has wounded me as much as thee. He hath cut off the Bread and Water from my Mouth too; and I too mourn without the Light. However, in our Patience let us poffefs our Souls. Who knows how foon a Change may come ?

ir. The next Morning the Giant took them into the ų, Caftle yard, and thewed them the Bones and Sculls with j, which it was strewed. "These, faid he, were once Pilgrims as you are, and they trefpassed on my Grounds; and when I faw fit, I tore them in Pieces, as within ten Days I will do you. Get you down till then into your Dungeon." So he drove them back and fhut, them in.

b That Night, about Midnight, they began to pray, and continued in Prayer till near break of Day, j,

š Now a little before it was Day, Christian, as in Amaze, broke out, "What a Fool am I to continue in this 6 \$ noifome Dungeon, when I may as well walk at liberty? L I have a Key in my Bofom, called *Promife*, that will, I am perfuaded, open any Lock in *Dcubting-Coffle*." "That, faid *Hepeful*, is good News indeed ; pluck it out of thy Bofom and try."

Then *Chriftian* tried it at the Dungeon Door, whole Bolt (as he turned the Key) gave back, and the Door flew open with eafe. They went next to the outward Door, that leads into the Caftle yard, and with this Key eafily opened that Door alto. The Iron Gate was next: But that Lock went very hard. Yet in a while the Key did open it. So they ftopp'd not till they came to the King's Highway, where they were out of the Giant's Jurifdiction.

Then they went on till they came to the Deletable Mountains, where were Gardens, and Orchards, and Vineyards, and Fountains of Water: Here they drank and washed themselves, and did freely eat of the Fruit of the Vineyards. Now there were on the Tops of these Mountains, Shepherds feeding their Flocks by the Way fide. The Pilgrims therefore went to them and asked, whose Mountains are these? And whose are the Sheep that feed upon them?

Shepherd. The Mountains are Immonuel's Land, and they are within fight of his City. And the Sheep that feed here are his alfo, and he laid down his Life for them.

Cbr. Is there any Relief in this Place for Pilgrims that are weary and faint in the Way ?

Shep. The Lord of these Mountains has given a Charge, not to be forgetful to entertain Strangers: Therefore the Good of the Place is before you." So they took them by the Hand and led them to their Tents. After a short Refreshment, (it being now late) they all betook them to their Reft.

In the Morning they called up *Cbriftian* and *Faitbful* to walk with them upon the Mountains. So they went forth and walked with them, having a pleafant Prospect on every Side. From thence they led them to the Top of a Hill called *Error*, which was very freep on the further Side, and bid them look down to the Bottom. They looked down, and faw at the Bottom feveral Men dath'd to Pieces by a Fall from the Top. Then

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Then faid Chriftian, Who are these? "Have you not heard, faid the Shepherds, of them that were made to err, by hearkening to Hymenius and Philetus, concerning the Refurrection of the Body? These that you see lie dashed in Pieces are they; and they continue un-" buried to this Day, for an Example to others, that they clamber not too high, nor come too near the Brink of rhis Mountain.

Then they had them to the Top of another Mountain, and bade them look afar off; which, when they did, ¹⁷ they faw feveral Men walking up and down among the Tombs that were there. And they perceived that the ^d Men were blind; because they often stumbled upon the Tombs, and could not get out from among them. Then, faid Christian, Who are these blind Men? Did not you fee, replied the Shepherds, below these Mountains, a Stile that leads into a Meadow, on the Left-hand of this Way ? From that Stile there goes a Path to Doubtingcastle, which is kept by Giant Despair. These Men came on Pilgrimage, as you do, till they came to that Stile; and because the right Way was fo rough, they went out of it there, and were taken by him and thrown into a Dungeon ; till after a while he put out their Eyes, and led them among the Tombs, where he left them to wander to this Day; that the S ying of the Wife Man " might be fulfilled, He that wandereth out of the Way of Und. rstanding, shall remain in the Congregation of the Dead.

Then I faw in my Dream, that the Shepherd had them to another Place, where was a Door in the Side of ¹ a Hill. They open'd the Door and bade them look in. They looked, and faw that it was very dark and fimoaky; also they heard a roaring Noise, as of Fire, and Cries and Groans, as of Men in Torment. Then, faid Christian, What means this? This, answered the Shepherds, is a By-way to Hell; a Way that Hypocrites go, and those that did run well, but do not endure to the End. Then faid the Pilgrims, looking on \$ each other, We have need to cry to the Strong for Strength. ٢ " True, faid the Shepherds, and you have need to use Ø it when you have it too." б

When they were about to depart, one of the Shepherds gave

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gave them a Note of the Way. Another bid them, "Beware of the Flatterer." The third faid, "Sleep not on inchanted Ground." So they went down the Mountains, along the High-way. Now a little below the Mountains, on the Left-hand, lies the Country of *Conceit*; from which Country a little crooked Lane runs into the Way wherein the Pilgrims walked. Here they met with a very brifk young Man, who came out of that Country; his Name was *Ignorance*. So *Chriftian* afked. "Whence he came, and whether he was going?

Ignorance, Sir, I was born in the Country that lies on the Left hand, and am going to Mount Zion.

Chr. And how do you think to get in there ?

Ign. As other good People do.

Chr. But what have you to flew at the Gate, that it may be open'd to you?

Ign. Why, I do no Harm. I pay every Man his own. I work hard for an honeft Living. I fay my Prayers, and keep my Church, and go to the Sacrament, and do what Good I can.

Chr. But you came not in at the firait Gate. You came in thro' that crooked Lane, and therefore I fear, whatever you think of yourfelf, you will at that Day be judged a Thief and a Robber.

Ign. Gentlemen, you are Strangers to me; be content to follow the Religion of your Country, and I will follow that in which I was born and bred. I won't leave the Church. As for the Gate you talk of, all the World knows, it is a great Way off of our Country. I cannot think that any Men in all our Parts do fo much as know the Way to it; nor need they matter, fince we have a fine green Lane, as you fee, that comes ftreight down into the Way.

Chr. This Man is wife in his own Conceit. There is more Hope of a Fool than of him.

Hope. Perhaps we should not say all to him at once. Let us pass on, and speak to him again by and by.

So they went on, and *Ignorance* came after. When they had path him a little Way, they came into a very dark Lane, where they met a Man whom feven Devils had bound with feven ftrong Cords, and were carrying back to the Door on the Side of the Hill. On his Back

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was a Paper with this Infcription, The Jult fall live by Faith; but if he draw back, my Soul shall have no Pleafure in him.

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This puts me in mind, faid Christian, of what happened to a Pilgrim here, whole Name was Little faith, At the Entrance of this Passage there comes down, from Broad-way Gate, a Lane called Deadmans Lane. This Little-fuith chanced to fit down there, and fall afleep. Three Brothers, Faintheart, Mistrust, and Guilt, were just then coming down that Lane as he awaked, and was getting up to go on his Journey. They immediately called to him to stand, and bid him deliver what he had ; which he not doing readily, Faintheart and Mifruff Repped up and took it from him. He then cried out Thieves; on which Miftruft, with a great Club, ftruck him on the Head, and felled him to the Ground : But just then hearing fome that were upon the Road, and fearing it might be one Great-grace, they left Littlefaith to thift for himfelf, and fled away with all Speed. Hope. Doubtless these three Fellows were mere Cow-

ards, or they would not fo foon have run away. Methinks Little-faith might have flood one Brufh with them, if he had yielded at laft.

Chr. Few have found them Cowards. They once fet upon me; and tho' I was cloathed in Armour of Proof, I found it hard Work to quit myfelf like a Man. No Man knows what a Combat that is, but he that has been engaged in it himfelf.

Hope. Well, but they ran away as foon as they only 'fuppoied that Great-grace was a-coming.

Chr. No marvel; for he is the King's Champion. But all the King's Subjects are not his Champions; nor can they, in the Day of Trial, do fuch Feats of War as he.

Hope. I would I had been Great-grace for their Sakes.

Cbr. If it had been he, he might have had his Hands full. For I must tell you, altho' he can deal with them 'as long as he keeps them at Sword's Point; yet if ever they get within him, it will go hard but they will give him a fore Fall.

" Befide, their King is always at their Call, ready to D come

come in to their Help. And of him it is faid, The Sword of him that layeth at him cannot hold, the Spear, the Dart, nor the Habergeon. He effermeth Iron as Straw, and Brass as rotten Wood. Darts are counted as Stubble, He laughth at the schaking of the Spear.

"When therefore we hear of fuch Robbers as thefe, it behoveth us to go out well harnefs'd, and be fure to have a good Shield; for indeed if that be wanting, they fear us not at all: Therefore he that had Skill hath faid, Above all, take the Shild of Faith, where with ye fhall be able to quench all the fiery Darts of the Wicked."

"'Tis good also that we defire of the King, that he would go with us himfelf; and then we need not be afraid if Thousands had set themselves against us round about; but without him the proud Helpers shall fall under the Slain."

So they went on till they came to a Place where they faw a Way put itself into their Way, and feem'd withal to lie as ftreight as the other, infomuch that they knew not which to take. As they were standing to confider, a Man of black Flefh, but covered with a very light Robe, came imiling to them, and lovingly aik'd, "Why do you ftand here ?" They answered, "We are going to Mount Zion, but know not which of these Ways to take." " I am glad, faid the Man, you are of fo good a Mind. Few Men are fo wife as you. Follow me, my dear Friends, and I will fhew you the Way. Such as you deferve to be honour'd of all Men." So they followed him, till by little and little the Way turn'd, and their Faces were fet toward the City of Deftruction. And before they were aware, they were got within the Compais of a Net, which he drew upon them and held them fast. The white Robe then fell off the black Man's Back; and they faw where they were, but could not escape.

Then faid Christian, I fee my Error now. Did not the Shepherds bid us beware of the Flatterer? How true is that Word, A Man that flattereth his Neighbour, spreadath a Net for his Feet !"

Hope. They also gave us a Note of Direction about the Way; but we forgot to read it, else we should have kept ourfelves from the Paths of the Destroyer. Thus they

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they lay bewailing themfelves in the Net, when they faw a thining one coming toward them, with a Whip of fmall Cord in his Hand. He afk'd, What do ye here? They answered, We were led out of the Way by a black Man cloath'd in white. He is a Flatterer, faid he, a falfe Apostle, Satan transformed into an Arget of Light. So he rent the Net, and fad, "Follow me;" and led them back into the Way they had left. Then he afk'd them, "Did not the Shepherds on the Mountains give you a Note of the Way? Why did you not read it? And did they net bid you beware of the Flatterer? They were speechles. So he commanded them to lie down, and chaftifed them fore, faying, As many as I love, I rebuke and chaften; be zealcus therefore and repent.

I faw then in my Dream, that they arofe and went on, until they came into a Country, whofe Air naturally tended to make one drowfy. And here *Hopeful* began to be very heavy, and faid to *Chriftian*, "I can fcarce hold open my Eyes; let us lie down and fleep a while." *Chr.* By no means, left we wake no more.

Hope. Why, my Brother ? The Skeep of a labouring Man is freet.

Chr. Do you not remember the Caution of the Shepherd, fleep not on inchanted Ground ?

, Hope. I acknowledge my Fault. I fee it is true, as the wife Man faith, Two are better than one.

Chr. To prevent Drowfinefs then, let us difcourfe a little together. How came you at first to look after the Good of your Soul?

Hope. For a long Time I delighted in those Things which are seen and sold at our Fair, in the Riches and Pleasures of the World, till I heard from Faithful and you, that the End of those Things is Death.

Chr. But was you fully convinced of this at once? Hop. No; I strove to stifle my Convictions; and when my Mind was shaken with the Word of God, labour'd to that my Eyes against the Light.

Chr. How io ?

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Hop. I knew not that this was the Work of God **mpon me, but called it** Lown fs of Spirit; and Sin was D z for the spirit sp

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fo fweet to me, that I was loth to leave it : befides, I could not tell how to part with my old Companions.

Cbr. Then it feems you shook off your Trouble fometimes.

Hope. Yes; but it came again worfe than before.

Chr. What was it that brought your Sins to your Mind again?

Hope. Many Things: As, if I met but a good Man in the Street; or, if I heard one read the Bible; or, if my Head began to ake; or, if I was told of any that was fick; or, if I heard the Bell toll for one that was dead; or, if I thought of dying myfelf, or heard of a fudden Death: But, above all, when I thought I muft quickly come to Judgment.

Chr. But could you not fhake off your Thoughts ?

Hope. No; they got faster hold upon me, till I could have no Reft in Sin.

Chr. And how did you then ?

Hope. I thought I muft mend my Life; and fo I did, leaving my old Sins and Company too. Likewife I began to read, and pray, and faft, and go to Church, and to the Sacrament, and to do good. And now for a Time I thought all was well; but it was not long before my Trouble came again.

Chr. How fo ? Had you not reform'd your Life ?

Hope. Yes; but I had not reform'd my Heart. I found that was ftill as bad, or worfe than ever; full of Anger, Pride, Luft, and what not? I found my inward Parts were very Wickednefs; that I was earthly, fenlual, and devilifb, having ftill a carnal Mind that was Enmity againff Ged, and brought me into Captivity to Sin and Death. I faw more and more, that there dwelt in me no good Thing; no Love of God; no true Love of my Neighbour. Above all, I was convinced I had not Faith; not that Faith awhich overcometh the World; And that Word was always founding in my Ears, He that believeth not fpall be damn'd.

Chr. And what Effect had this?

Hope. I then remembered that it is written, All our Righteou/nels is as filthy Rags, availing nothing toward our Reconciliation with God, or the Forgivenels of our Sins. I faw that all I could do all my Life long, would not

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'atone for one Sin that was paft; nay, tho' I could now keep all God's Law, and offend in no Point. For if a Man (thought I) runs a hundred Pourds into a Merchant's Debt, and after that pays for all that he takes; yet if this old Debt flands fluil in the Book uncrofs'd, the Merchant may fue him, and caft him into Puton, till he fhall pay the whole.

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Chr. How did you apply this to you felf?

Hope. Why, I thought with mytelf, I have by Sin run far in Debt with God, and my reforming now will not pay that Debt. How then fhall I be freed from that Damnation, to which I know mytelf to be justly exposed, by my former Transgreeffions?

Befides, I ftill faw Sin mixing itfelf with the left Actions I could do: So that I was forced to conclude, that, hotwithftanding my former Opinion of myfelf, I committed Sin enough in one Day to fend me to Hell, tho' my former Life had been faultlefs.

Cbr. And what did you do then ?

Hope. I knew not what to do, till I went and talk'd with Faithful; who told me, unless the Rightcousness of one that had never finned was imputed to me, neither my own Righteoufnefs, nor all the Righteoufnefs of the World, could fave me. I afk'd, Who it was that ad never finned ? He answered, " The Lord Jefus ; and you only can be forgiven and accepted with God thro' Faith in his Blood." " But how, faid I, can bis Righteousness justify me before God ?" He told me, he was the Mighty God, and did what he did, and died the Death also, not for himself, but for me; to whom the Merits of all should be imputed, if I believed on him. I replied, " I did not think he was willing to fave me." He bid me go to him and fee. I faid, " It was Presump. tion." He answered, "No; for I was invited to come." Then I afk'd, What I muft do when I came ? And he bid me fay to this Effect : "God be merciful to me a Sinner, and make me to know and believe in Jeius; for I fee, if I have not Faith in his Blood, I am utterly caft away. Lord, I have heard, that thou art a merciful God, and haft ordained him to be the Saviour of the World; and moreover, that thou art willing to accept, in him, even fuch a poor Sinner as I am. O magnify thy

thy Grace in the Salvation of my Soul, thro' thy Sou Jefus Chrift !''

Chr. And did you do this?

Hope. Yes, over and over, before I found any Relief.

Cbr. Had you not Thoughts then of giving it over ?

Hope. Yes, a hundred Times; but I knew not what elfe to do, being convinced, that without the Righteoufnefs of Chrift, all the World could not fave me: And therefore, thought I with myfelf, if I leave off, I die; and I can but die, if I continue. And withal this came into my Mind, If it tarry, wait for it, becaufe it will furely come; it will not tarry.

Chr. And how was you reliev'd ?

Hope. One Day I was very fad, I think fadder than ever before in my Life; and this Sadnefs was thro' a frefh Sight of the Greatnefs and Vilenefs of my Sins; and I was looking for nothing but Hell, when fuddenly I faw (not with my bodily Eyes) the Lord look down from Heaven upon me, faying, Believe in the Lord Jefus Chrift, and thou fhalt be faved.

Then those Scriptures came like a Flood into my Heart. He that cometh to me, shall never hunger; and be that believeth on me, shall never thirst. Christ is the End of the Law for Rightcoufness to every one that believeth. He bath died for our Sins, and rose again for cur Jussification. There is one Mediator between God and Man, even the Man Christ Jesu. Wherefore he is able to fave unto the uttermost those that come unto God thro' him; facing he ever liveth to make Intercession for them.

Chr. And what Effect had this upon your Spirit and Life ?

Hope. I was filled with a Peace that paffes all Underflanding. 1 rejoiced with Joy unspeakable. The Lowe of God was shed abroad in my Heart; and Sin had no more Dominion over me; but I ran the Way of his Commandments, now he had fet my Heart at liberty.

I faw then in my Dream, that Hopeful looked back, and faw Ignorance, whom they had left behind, coming after. Then, faid he, Come away, Man: Why do you ftay behind? Come, How do you do? How ftands it now between God and your Soul?"

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Lyw. I hope well, for I am full of good Thoughts. *Cbr.* What good Thoughts?

Ign. Why, I think of God and Heaven.

Chr. So do the Devils and damn'd Souls.

Ign. But I defire them too.

Cbr. So do many that never come there. The Soul of the Sluggard defireth, and bath nothing.

Ign. Nay, but I leave all for them.

Chr. I doubt that. Why doeft thou think fo ?

Ign. My Heart tells me io.

Chr. He that trusteth his own Heart, is a Fool.

Ign. Ay, if his Heart be evil; but mine is good.

Chr. How doest thou prove that ?

Ign. Why, I lead a good Life.

Chr. Who told thee thou leadest a good Life?

Ign. Who told me! My own Heart.

Chr. Afk my Feliow if I be a i hief. Thy Heart tells there fo! Except the Word of God bear Witness in this Matter, other Teftimony is nothing worth.

Haft thou the Peace of God? Haft thou Joy in the Holy Ghoft? Is the Love of God fled abroad in thy Heart? Doth his Spirit witnets with thy Spirit, that thou art a Child of God? Haft thou Redemption in Christ's Blood, the Forgivenels of thy Sins? Art thou dead unto Sin, and alive unto God? Haft thou crucified the Flefh, with its Affections and Lufts? Hath the Law of the Spirit of Life in Christ Jefus, made thee free from the Law of Sin and Death?

Ign. You talk too high for me; I am a poor Sinner, and I believe in Chrift, and that is enough.

Chr. I fear, Hell is full of fuch poor Sumers as thou. But how doeft thou i elue e in Cirft?

Ign. Why I believe Unrift died for Sinners, and that my Sins will be forgiven, thro' God's gracious Acceptance of my Sincerity and beft Endeavours to obey his Laws.

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and of thy Perfon, for the fake of thy Actions. Therefore this Faith is utterly deceitful, and will leave thee under Wrath in the Day of the Lord.

True juftifying Faith puts the Soul, as fenfible of its loft. Condition by the Law, upon flying for Refuge to the Blood and Righteoufness of Chrift. And this Righteoufness of his is not an Act of Grace, by which he maketh thy Obedience acceptable to God for thy Juftification.

No, but Christ did and fuffered what was required at our Hands; and for the fake of what he did and suffered, we are pardoned and accepted of God.

Igu. And to you would have us do nothing! We may live as we lift: Since we are juftified by Faith alone!

Chr. As thy Name is, fo art thou. Thou art ignorant of the fure Fruits of Faith in the Blood of Chrift. He that believeth in Chrift, loveth God; and whofoever loveth him, keepeth his Commandments.

Hope. Was Chrift ever revealed to you ?

Ign. What, you are for new Revelations! And receiving the Holy Ghoft, I fuppole! I believe what both you and all the reft of you fay about these Matters, is all Whim and Enthufiaim, the Effects of mere Imagination, or a diffemper'd Brain.

Hope. Why, Man, None knoweth the Son fave be unto whom the Father revealeth him : And no Man calleth Jefus Lord, but by the Holy Ghoft.

 $I_{2,n_{\mu}}$ That is your Faith; but it is not mine: yet mine, I doubt not is as good as yours; tho' I have not my Head filled with fo many Whims and Fancies.

Chr. Give me leave to put in a Word: You ought not to fpeak fo flightly of this Matter: For no Man can know Jetus Chrift, fave be to whom the Father revealeth bim: And that Faith whereby the Soul layeth hold on Chrift, must be wrought by the exceeding Greatness of bis mighty Power. Of this Faith I perceive thou art wholly ignerant, Awake then thou that fleepeft. Know thy telf. See thy own Wickedness. Fly to the Lord Jefus, and by his Righteoufness thou fhalt be deliver'd from Condemnation

 I_{g^n} . You walk to faft, I can't keep pace with you **s** go on, I muft ftay a while behind.

Do you think, faid Hopeful, that fuch Men as these have never any Convictions of Sin ?

Cbr.

Cbr. Without doubt they have, more or lefs; but they defperately fifle them.

Hope. Nay, why fhould they fliffe them ?

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Cbr. 1. Becaufe they think thefe Fears are wrought by the Devil, which indeed are wrought of God. 2. They think alfo, they have no Reafon thus to fear, and therefore harden themfelves in prefumptuous Confidence. 3. They fee thefe Fears would rob them of their beloved Self righteoufnefs, and therefore refift them with all their Might.

Now I faw in my Dream, that by this Time they were got over the inchanted Ground, and entering into the Country of Beulah, the Way lying directly thro' it. They were now far beyond the Valley of the Shadow of Death, and also out of the Reach of Giant Despair; neither could they from this Place, fo much as fce Doubting Caffle. In this Country there is no Darknefa at all, the Sun shining Night and Day; there are no Storms or Tempefts, but the Air is always calm and ferene. Here the Flowers all the Year appear in the Earth, throughout the perpetual Spring: And they continually heard the Singing of Birds, and the Voice of the Turtle in the Land. They were now within fight of the City they were going to; and met with feveral of the Inhabitants of it. Yea, in this Land their Lord himfelf commonly walked, it being on the Borders of Heaven. In this Land alfo the Contract between the Bride and Bridegroom were renewed : And as a Bride. groom rejoiceth over the Bride, fo did their God rejeice over them. Here they had no Want of Corn or Wine, but Abundance of all Things, being in a Land that flowed with Milk and Honey. Mean time they heard Voices out of the City, loud Voices, laying, Suy ye to the Daughter of Zion, Behold thy Salvation cometh: And all the Inhabitants of the Country called them, the Holy People, the Redeemed of the Lord.

As they walked in this Land, they rejoiced evermore; yea with Joy unfpeakable and full of Glory. And drawing near to the City, they had a more perfect View thereof. It was built of Pearls and precious Stones, and the Streets were paved with Gold. So that *Christian* with Defire fell fick; nor indeed was Hopfcul (46) Hopeful much better : Infomuch that they were confrained to cry out, Feed me with Apples, flay me with

Flaggons; for I cm fick of Love. When they were ftrengthen'd a little, they went on their Way, and came nearer and nearer; where were Orchards, Vineyards and Gardens. The Gardiner ftood in the Way, and leading them into the Vineyard, bid them refresh themfelves with the Fruit. He also shewed them here the King's Walks and Arbours, where they delighted to be; and here they tarried and slept.

So I faw that when they awoke, they addrefs'd themfelves to go up to the City; but the Reflection of the Sun (for the City was pure Gold) was fo extremely glorious, that they were not able to behold it with open Face; but only thro' a Glafs. And as they went on there met them two Men in Raiment finning like Gold ; alfo their Faces fhone as the Light.

Thefe asked the Pilgrims, Whence they came ? Where they had lodg'd ? What Difficulties and Dangers, and what Comforts they had found in the Way ? To all which they answered briefly. Then faid they, "You have but two Difficulties more, and you enter into the City."

Chriftian then and his Companion asked them to go with them: They faid, "We will; but you must enter in by your own Faith." So I faw in my Dream that they went on together till they came in fight of the Gate.

Now I faw, there was a deep River between them and the Gate, and there was no Bridge over it : At the fight of this the Pilgrims flopt ; but the Men faid, "You must go thro' or you cannot come to the Gate."

They enquired, if there were no other Way to the Gate? To which they answered "Yes; but there hath not any fave two, *Enoch* and *Elijach*, trod that Path fince the Foundation of the World." Then they asked, if the Waters were all of a Depth? They faid, "No: But we cannot help you in this Cafe; for you will find them either shallower or deeper, according to your Faith."

Then they went in; but Christian began to fink; and cried out to his Friend, I fink in the deep Waters: The Billows go over my Head; all the Waves go over me.

Then faid Hopeful, " Be of good Chear, my Brother. I feel the Bottom, and it is good." Oh my Friends,

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faid

Taid Christian, the Sorrows of Death bave compassed me round about. I shall not fie the Land that forweth with Milk and Hon y. And with that a great Darkness and Horror fell upon him, fo that he could not iee before him ; also he loft, in a great measure, his Senfes, to that he could not remember any of the Refreshments or Deliverances that he had met with before in the Way of his Pilgrimage. But all the Words that he ipake still tended to discover the Anguish of his Spirit, and his Fear that he should die in the River, and never enter into the Here also the Sins that he had committed, both Gate. before and after he was a Pilgrim, were brought all together to his Remembrance, and terrified him a-fresh. He was also troubled with the Apparition of evil Spirits, as if they would have torn him in pieces : So that Hopeful here had much ado to keep his Brother's Head above Water; yea, fometimes he funk; and then in a while rofe up again half dead : However, he still endeavour d to comfort him, faying, " I fee the Gate, and Men ftanding to receive us." 'Tis you, fa d Chr. filan, whom they stand to receive ; I am as a dead Man, out of mind. Surely, if I was right, he would now arife to help me. But for my Sins I am brought into this Snare, and now God hath forgotten me." "Not io, faid Hopeful; but he trieth thy Faith as with Fire."

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Then I faw, that Christian was in a Muse, and immediately Hopeful faid, "Be of good Cheer; thy Faith hath faved thee. Jefus Chrift maketh thee whole." And with that Chriftian broke out with a loud Voice. " I fee him, I fee him again! And he tells me, when thou puffeft through the Waters, I will be with thee. and through the Rivers, they shall not overflow thee. Then prefently he found Ground to stand on, and the reft of the Water was but shallow, till they came to Land. Upon the Bank they faw the two fhining Men again, who there waited for them; and as foon as they were come out of the Water, they faluted them faying, We are ministring Spirits fint forth t. minister to the Hars of Salvation. Thus they went along towards the Gate. Now the City flood on a mighty Hill, but the Filgrims went up the Hill with Eafe, having left their mortal Garments behind them in the River. Tho' therefore the Foundation on which the City was built, was ingher than the Clouds Digitized by Google

Clouds, they mounted up with Speed, thro' the Regions of the Air, flying as upon the Wings of the Wind.

The Talk they had mean while with the fhining ones was concerning the Glory of the Place. There, faid they, with the innumerable Company of Angels, are the Spirits of juft Men made perfect. There is the Paradife of God, wherein you will fee the *Tree of Life*, and eat of the Fruits thereof. You fhall be cloathed with Light and Immortality as with a Garment. All Tears will be wiped from your Eyes, and you will know no more Pain, or Sorrow, or Death; for the former Things are paft away. You are now going to *Abraham*, *Ifaac* and *Jacob*, to the Patriarchs, and Prophets, to the righteous Mea of all Ages, whom God in their Generations took new y from the Ewil to come; and that are now refing upon their Beds, each one-walking in his Righteoufnefs.

They afk'd, And what are we to do when we are there? It was answered, "You are there to receive the Comforts of all your Toils that are paft, and to have Joy for all your Sorrow. You are to reap what you have fown, even the Fruit of all your Prayers, and Tears, and Works, and Sufferings. And there you will enjoy the perpetual Sight of the Holy One; yea, you shall fee Him as the is: And shall love, and praise, and ferve him, and magnify his Name all the Days of Eternity."

"And when the Son of Man shall come in his Glory, you shall come with him in the Clouds of Heaven; you shall fit with him in the Seat of Judgment, when he passed between all the Workers of Iniquity. Also, when he shall return to the Throne of the Majesty on high, you shall go up too, with the Sound of the Trump, and drink of those Rivers of Pleasure, which show at his Right-hand for everyore."

Now while they were thus drawing near the Gate, behold a Company of the heavenly Hoft came out to meet them; to whom their Conductors faid, "Thefeare the Men that have loved our Lord while they were in the World, and that have left all for his Sake; and we have brought them hither, that they may go and fee their Redeemer's Face with Joy." Then the heavenly Hoft gave a great Shout, faying, *Bleffed are they* that are called to the Marriage Supper of the Lamb.

They then compass'd them round on every Side, Distance by GOOGLE Some having Trumpets in their Hands, and continually founding as they went, and praifing him that liveth for ever and ever. In the mean time both their Looks and Geftures shew'd how welcome *Christian* and *Hopeful* were.

Now when they were come up to the Gate, they faw writ over it in Letters of Gold, Bleffed are they that do bis Commandments, that they may have Right to the Tree of Life, and enter in thro' the Gates into the City.

Then the fhining ones called to them within the Gate, faying, "These are come from the City of Defirustion, thro' the Love they bear to our King." They then gave in their Certificates, which they had received at the Beginning. These were carried to the King, who immediately sent and commanded to open the Gate, that the righteous Nation, faid he, that keepeth the Truth, may enter in.

Now I faw in my Dream, that these two Men went in at the Gate, and lo! as they enter'd they were transfigured, and their Raiment was glissering, and white as Snow. There were also given to them Golden Harps, wherewith to praise him that fat upon the Throne, and the Lamb that liveth for evermore. It was then faid to them, Well done good and faithful Serwants, enter ye into the Joy of your Lord.

Just then Ignorance came to the River-fide, and got over with little Difficulty : For one Vain-hope, a Ferryman, happening to be there, carried him over in his Boat. So he accended the Hill, and coming up to the Gate, immediately began to knock. He was ask'd by them that were within, "Whence do you come? And what would you have ?" He answered, " I have eat and drank in the Prefence of the King, and he hath "taught in our Streets." They afk'd again, "Have you any Certificate ?" But he answered never a Word. So they told the King, who commanded, and they bound him Hand and Foot, and took him up and carried him thro' the Air, to the Door that I faw on the Side of the Hill, and caft him in there. Then I faw, that there was a Way to Hell, even from the Gates of Heaven. So I awoke.

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