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# LETTER

## TO THE

Reverend Mr. DOWNES,

Rector of St. Michael, Wood - Street :

Occasioned by his

LATE TRACT,

INTITLED

Methodism examined and exposed.

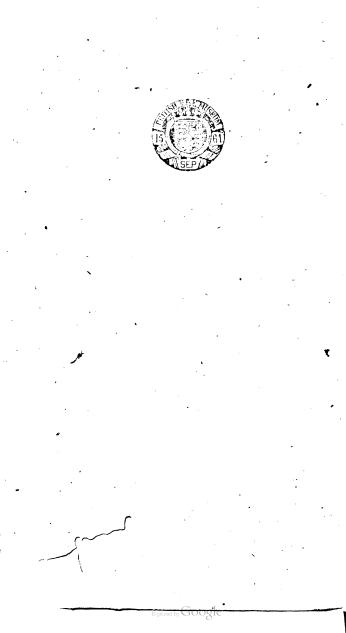
By JOHN WESLEY, M.A.



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## LETTER

#### TO THE

## Rev. Mr. DOWNES, &c.

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Rev. Sir,

1. Note Tract which you have juft publifhed concerning the People called Methodifts, you very properly fay, "Our first Care should be, candidly and fairly to examine their Doctrines. For, as to censure them unexamined would be unjust, so to do the the same without a fair and impartial Examination would be ungeneous." And again, "We should, in the first place, carefully and candidly exammine their Doctrines." \* This is undoubtedly true. But have you done it ? Have you ever examined their Doctrines yet ? Have you examined them fairly? Fairly and candidly? Candidly and care-

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fully

fully? Have you read over fo much as the Sermons they have published ? Or the Appeal to Men of Reason and Religion ? I hope you have not : for I would fain make some little Excuse for your uttering fo many fenfelefs, fhamelefs Falfhoods. I hope vou know nothing about the Metho lifts, no more than I do about the Cham of Tartary : That you are ignorant of the whole Affair, and are to bold, only becaufe you are *blind*. Bold enough ! Throughout your whole Tract, you speak fatis pro imperio : As authoritatively, as if you was not an Archbishop only, but Apostolic Vicar alio: As if you had the full Papal Power in your hands, and Fire and Foggot at your Beck ! And blind enough : So that you blunder on, through thick and thin, betpa tering all that come in your way : According to the old, laudable Maxim, " Throw Dirt enough, and fome will flick."

2. I hope, I fay, that this is the Cafe, and that you do not knowingly affert fo many palpable Falfhoods. You fay, " If I am miftaken, I fhall always be ready and defirous to retract my Error." || A little Candour and Care might have prevented those Miftakes; This is the first Thing one would have defired. The next is, that they may be removed; that you may fee where in you have been miftaken, and be more wary for the time to come.

3. You undertake to give an account, First, Of the Rife and Principles, then of the Practices of the Methodists.

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On the former head you fay, " Our Church has long been infefted with these grievous Wolves, who tho' no more than two when they entered in. and they fo young, they might rather be called Wolflings," (That is lively and pretty!) " have yet fpread their ravenous kind, through every Part of this Kingdom. Where what havock they have made, how many of the Sheep they have torn----I need not fay. § About twenty-five years ago, thefe two bold, though beardless Divines," (Pity, Sir, that you had not taught me twenty-five years ago fapientem pascere, barbam, and thereby to avoid fome Part of your Difpleafure) being lifted up with Spiritual Pride were, presumptuous enough to become Founders of the Sect called Methodists." + " A Couple ‡ of young, raw, aspiring Twigs of the Ministry, dream'd of a Special and Supernatural Call to this." No, Sir, it was you dream'd of this, not we. We dream'd of nothing twenty-five Years ago, but instructing our Pupils in Religion and Learning, and a few Prisoners, in the Common Principles of Christianity. You go on. " They were ambitious of being accounted Miffionaries, immediately delegated by Heaven to correct the Errors of Bishops and Archbishops, and reform their Abuses, to inftruct the Clergy in the true Nature of Chriftianity, and to caution the Laity, not to venture their Souls in any fuch unhallowed hands, as refused to be initiated in all the Mysteries of \* Methodifm." Well afferted indeed ! But where is the Proof of any One of these Propositions ? I

§ Page 4, 5. + Page 6. + + Page 25.

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must infist upon this; clear, cogent Proof. Else they must be set down for so many glaring Falshoods.

4. "The Church of Rome (to which on fo many accounts they were much obliged, and as gratefully returned the Obligation) taught them to fet up for *infallible* Interpreters \* of Scripture." Pray on what Accounts are we "obliged to the Church of Rome?" And how have we " returned the Obligation?" I beg you would pleafe, 1. To explain this : and 2. To prove, that we ever yet (who ever taught us) " fet up for *infallible* Interpreters of Scripture." So far from it, that we have over and over declared, in Print as well as in public Preaching, " We are no more to expect any living Man to be *infallible* than to be Omnificient."

5. "As to other Extraordinary Gifts, Influences and Operations of the Holy Ghoft, no Man who has but once dipped into their Journals and other oftentatious Trush of the fame Kind, can doubt their looking upon themfelves, as not coming one whit behind the greatest of the Apoftles."  $\dagger$ 

I acquit you, Sir, of ever having "once dipped into that chentatious Trafh." I do not accufe you of having read fo much as the Titles of my Journals. I fay, my Journals; for (as little as you feem to know it) my Brother has published none. I therefore look upon this as fimple Ignorance. You talk thus, becaufe you know no better. You do not know, that in these very

Page 54. Sermons, Vol. III. p. 207. + 1 21.

Jour-

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Journals I utterly difclaim the "*Extraordinury* Gifts of the Spirit," and all other "Influences and Operations of the Holy Ghoft," than those that are common to all real Christians.

And yet I will not fay, this Ignorance is Blamelefs. For ought you not to have known better? Ought you not to have taken the Pains of procuring better Information, when it might fo eafily have been had? Ought you to have publickly advanced fo heavy Charges as thefe, without knowing whether they were true or no?

6. You proceed to give as punctual an Account of us, tanquam intus & in cute noffes. " They outstript, if possible, even Montanus for external Sanctity and Severity of Discipline \*. They condemned all Regard for temporal Concerns.---encouraged their Devotees to take no they . Thought for any one Thing upon Earth : The Confequence of which was, a total Neglect of their Affairs, and Impoverishment of their Families." + Blunder all over! We had no Room for any Discipline, severe or not, five and twenty Years ago : Unless College Discipline, my Brother then refiding at Chrift-Church, and I at Lincoln-College. And as to our " Sanctity" (were it more or lefs) How do you know it was only External? Was you intimately acquainted with us ? I do not remember, where I had the Honour of conversing with you. Or could you (as the Legend fays of St. Pachomius) " Imell an Heretic ten miles" off? And how came you to dream again, That we " condemned all Regard for Temporal Concerns,

\* Page 22.

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and

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and encouraged Men to take no Thought for any one Thing upon Earth?" Vain Dream ! We on the contrary feverely condemn all who neglest their temporal Concerns, and who do not take Cate of every Thing on earth wherewith God hath intrufted them. The Confequence of this is, that the Methodifts, fo called, do not " neglect their Affairs and impoverifh their Families;" but by Diligence in Bulinefs provide Things boneft in the Sight of all Men. Infomuch that Multitudes of them, who in Time paft, had fearce Food to eat, or Raiment to put on, have now all Things needful for Life and Gedlinefs, and that for their Families, as well as themfelves.

7. Hitherto you have been giving an Account of two Wolflings only: But now they are grown into perfect Wolves. Let us see what a Picture you draw of them in this State, both as to their Principles and Practice.

You begin with a home Stroke, "In the Montani/! \* you may behold the bold Lineaments and bloated Countenance of the Methodifl." I with you do not fquint at the hone/! Countenance of Mr. Venn, who is indeed as far from Fear, as he is from Guile. But if it is fomewhat bloated, that is not his Fault: Sicknefs may have the fame Effect on yours or mine.

But to come clofer to the Point. " They have † darkened Religion with many ridiculous Fancics, tending to confound the Head, and to corrupt the Heart." A thorough Knowledge of them would work in every rightly-difpoind

Page 7.

Mind

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+ Page 13.

Mind an Abhorrence of those Doctrines, which directly tend to diffract the Head, and to debauch the Heart, by turning Faith into Frenfy, and the Grace of GoD into Wantonnefs. \*" " These Doctrines are Unreasonable and Ridiculous, clashing with our Natural Ideas of the Divine Perfections, with the End of Religion, with the Honour of GoD, and Man's both present and future Happiness. Therefore we pronounce them fillby Dreamers, turning Faith into Fancy, the Gofpel into Farce, thus adding Blasphemy to Enthustiafm."

Take Breath, Sir, There is a long Paragraph behind. " The Abetters § of these wild and whimfical Notions, are 1. close Friends to the Church of Rome, agreeing with her in almost every Thing, but the Doctrine of Merit: 2. They are no lefs kind to Infidelity, by making the Chriftian Religion a mere Creature of the Imagination : 3. They cut up Christianity by the Roots, fruftrating the very End for which Chrift died, which was that by Holinefs we might be made meet for the Inheritance of the Saints : 4. They are Enemies not only to Christianity, but to every Religion what foever, by labouring to fubvert or overturn the whole Syftem of Morality: 5. Confequently they must be *Enemies of Society*, diffolving the Bands by which it is united and knit together." In a Word, " All antient Herefies have in a Manner concentered in the Methodifts : Particularly those of the Simonians, Gnoffics, Antinomians : (As widely diftant from each other, as Predeftinarians from Calvinists ! ) Valentinians, Donatists

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\* Page 27. || P. 66, 68.

58. P. 101, 102.

and

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and Montanifts." While your Hand was in, youmight as well have added, Carpacratians, Eutychians, Neflorians, Sabellians. If you fay, "I never heard of them: " no matter for that: You may find them as well as the reft in Bp. Pearfon's Index.

Well, all this is mere Flourish; raising a Dust, to blind the Eyes of the Spectators. Generals, you know, prove nothing. So leaving this as it is, let us come to Particulars.

But, first, give me leave to transcribe a few Words from a Tract published fome Years ago. "Your \* Lordship premises, It is not at all needful to charge the particular Tenets upon the particular Persons among them." Indeed it is needful in the higheft Degree. Just as needful as it is, not to put a Stumbling in the Way of our Brethren : Not to lay them under an almost infuperable Temptation, of condemning the Innocent with the Guilty."

And it is now far more needful than it was then; as that Title of Reproach, Methodift, is now affixt to many People, who are not under my Care, nor ever had any Connexion with me. And what have I to do with these? If you give me a Nick-name, and then give it to others whom I know not, Does this make me accountable for them? Either for their Principles or Practice? In no wife. I am to answer for myself, and for those that are in Connexion with me. This is all that aMan of common Sense can undertake, or a Man of common Humanity require.

Let'us begin then upon even Ground: And. if you can prove from me, John Welley, any one of

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Detter to the Bp. of London, p. 4, 5.

the

the Charges which you have advanced, call me not only a Welf, but an Otter, if you pleafe.

8. Your first Particular Charge (which indeed runs through your Book, and is repeated in twenty different Places) is, that we make the Way to Heaven too broad, teaching, Micn may be faved by Faith, without Works. Some of your Words are, " They \* fet out with forming a fair and tempting Model of Religion, fo flattering the Follies of degenerate Man, that it could not fail to gain the Hearts of Multitudes, especially of the Loofe and Vicious, the Lazy and Indolert." " They want to get to Heaven the shortest Way, and with the leaft Trouble : New a Reliance on Christ and a disclaiming of GoodWorks, are Terms as eafy as the meereft Libertine can ask. They .perfuade their People that they may be faved by the Righteouíneís of Christ, without any Holinefs of their own: Nay, That || Good Works. are not only unneceffary, but also dangerous: That we + may be faved by Faith, without any other Requisite," such as "Gospel-Obedience, and holy Life." Laftly, " The § Valentinians pretended, that if Good Works were necessary to Salvation, it was only to animal Men, that is, to all who were not of their Clan : And that although Sin might damn others, it could not hurt them. In Confequence of which they lived in all Luft and Impurity, and wallowed in the most unheardof Bestialities. The Methodists distinguish much after the same Manner."

Sir, you are not awake yet. You are dream-ing ftill, and fighting with shadows of your own

\* Page 52, + P. 31. || P. 78. § P. 14. , raifing

raifing." The " Model of Religion with which the Methodifis fet out,' is perfectly well known, if not to you, yet to many thoulands in England, who are no Methodist. I laid it before the University of Oxford, at St. Mary's, on January 1, 1733. You may read it when you are at Leisure. for it is in Print, intitled, " The Circumcifion of the Heart." And whoever reads only that one Discourse, with any tolerable Share of Attention, will eafily judge, whether that Model of Religion ", flatters the Follies of degenerate Man," or is likely to " gain the Hearts of Multitudes, especially of the Loofe and Vicious, the Lazy and Indolent." Will a Man choose this, as " the forteft Way to Heaven, and with the leaft Trouble ? Are these " as easy Terms, as any Libertine or Infidel can defire?" The Truth is, we have been these thirty Years continually reproached for just the contrary to what you dream of : with making the Way to Heaven too frait ; with being ourfelves righteous over-mnch, and teaching others, They could not be faved without fo many Works as it was impossible for them to perform. And to this Day, instead of teaching Men, that they may be faved by a Faith which is without Good Works, without " Gospel-Obedience and Holinefs of Life," we teach exactly the Reverfe, continually infifting on all outward as well as all inward Holine/s. For the notorious Truth of this, we appeal to the whole Tenor of our Sermons, printed and unprinted : In particular to those upon our Lord's Sermon on the Mount, wherein every Branch of Gospel-Obedience is both afferted and proved to be indifpenfably neceffary to eternal Salvation.

There-

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Therefore as to the reft of the "Antinomian Tra/b" which you have fo carefully gather'd up, as, \* "That the Regenerate are as pure as Chrift himfelf, that it would be criminal for them to pray for Pardon: that the greateft Crimes are no Crimes in the Saints," &c. &c. I have no Concern therewith at all, no more than with any that teach it. Indeed I have confuted it over and over, in Tracts published many Years ago.

9. A Second Charge which you advance, is, that " we fuppofe every Man's final Doom to depend on GOD's Sovereign Will and Pleafure :" (I prefume, you mean, on his Abfolute, Unconditional Decree : That we " confider Man as a mere Machine :" That we fuppofe Believers " cannot fall from Grace." Nay, I fuppofe none of these Things. Let those who do, anfwer for themselves. I fuppofe just the contrary, in " Predestination calmly confidered," a Tract published ten Years ago.

10. A Third Charge is, "They reprefent Faith as a Supernatural Principle, altogether precluding the Judgment and Understanding, and difcern'd by fome Internal Signs; not as a firm Perfuasion, founded on the Evidence of Reason, and difcernible only by a Conformity of Life and Manners to fuch a Perfussion." †

We do not represent Faith " as altogether precluding, or at all precluding the Judgment and Underftanding :" Rather as inlightening and ftrengthening the Underftanding, as clearing and improving the Judgment. But we do reprefent it as the Gift of God, yea, and a " fuperna-

\* Page 17. || Page 31. † Page 11. || Page 33.

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tural Gift," yet it does not preclude "the Evidence of Reafon; "tho' neither is this it's whole Foundation. "A Conformity of Life and Manners" to that Perfuasion, Chrift loved me and gave himfelf far me, is doubtlefs One Mark by which it is difcern'd; but not the only one. It is likewife difcern'd by Internal Signs, both by the Witnefs of the Spirit, and the Fruit of the Spirit, namely Love, Peace, Joy, Meeknefs, Gentlenefs: by all the Mind which was in Chrift Jefus.

by all the Mind which was in Chrift Fefus. 11. You affert, Fourthly, "They fpeak of Grace, that it is as perceptible to the Heart, as Schible Objects are to the Schies : Whereas the Scriptures fpeak of Grace, that it is convey'd imperceptibly; and that the only Way to be fatisfied whether we have it or no, is to appeal, not to our inward Feelings, but our outward Actions."§

We do fpeak of Grace (meaning thereby that Power of GOD which worketh in us both to will and to do of his good Pleafure) that it is " as perceptible to the Heart" (while it comforts, refreshes, purifies, and shed's the Love of God abroad therein) " as fenfible Objects are to the Senfes." And yet we do not doubt, but it may frequently be " conveyed to us imperceptibly." But we know no Scripture which speaks of it as always convey'd, and always working in an imperceptible Manner. We likewise allow, that Outward Actions are One Way of fatisfying us, that we have Grace in our Hearts. But we cannot poffibly allow, that "the only Way to be fatisfied of this, is to appeal to our Outward Actions and not our inward Feelings." On the contrary, we believe that Love, Joy, Peace, are inwardly felt, or they have no Being : And that

#### § Page 32.

Men

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Men are fatisfied they have Grace, first by feeling these, and afterward by their Outward Actions.

12. You affert, fifthly, "They talk of Regeneration in every Christian, as if it was as sudden and miraculous a Conversion, as that of St. *Paul* and the first Converts to Christianity, and as if the Signs of it were frightful Tremors of Body, and convultive Agonies of Mind: Not as a Work gracioully begun and gradually carried on by the bleffed Spirit, in Conjunction with our rational Powers and Faculties; the Signs of which are, fincere and universal \* Obedience."

This is Part true, Part falfe. We do believe Regeneration, or in plain English, the New Birth, to be as miraculous or fupernatural a Work now as it was feventeen hundred Years ago. We likewife believe, that the Spiritual Life, which commences when we are born again, must in the Nature of the Thing, have a First Moment as well as the Natural. But we fay again and again, We are concerned for the Substance of the Work, not the Circumstance. Let it be wrought at all, and we will not contend, whether it be wrought Gradually or Instantaneously. " But what are the Signs that it is wrought?" We never faid or thought, that they were either " frightful Tremors of Body," or " convulfive Agonies of Mind :" I prefume you mean, Agonies of Mind attended with Bodily Convultions. Although we know many Perfons who before this Change was wrought, felt much Fear and Sorrow of Mind : Which in fome of these had fuch an effect on the Body, as to make all their Bones to shake. Neither did we ever deny, that it is a "Work gracioufly begun by the Holy

\* Page 33.

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Spirit

Spirit, enlightning our Understanding ( which I fuppofe you call " our Rational Powers and Faculties,") as well as influencing our Affections. And it is certain, He " gradually carries on this Work," by continuing to influence all the Powers of the Soul: And that the Outward Sign of this Inward Work, is " fincere and universal Obedience."

13. A Sixth Charge is "They treat Christianity as a wild, enthusiaftic Scheme, which will bear no Examination. \*" Where or when ? In what Sermon ? In what Tract, Practical or Polemical ? I wholly deny the Charge. I have myfelf closely and carefully examined every Part of it, every Verse of the New Testament, in the Original, as well as in our own and other Translations.

14. Nearly allied to this is the threadbare Charge . of Enthulia/m, with which you frequently and largely compliment us. But as this alfo is afferted only, and not proved, it falls to the Ground of itfelf. Mean time your afferting it, is a plain Proof, that you know nothing of the Men you talk of. Becaufe you know them not, you fo boldly fay, " One Advantage we have over them, and that is Reafon." Nay, that is the very Question. I appeal to all Mankind, Whether you have it, or no ? However, you are fure, we have it not, and are never likely to have. For "Reafon, you fay, cannot do much with an Enthufiaft, whofe first Principle is, to have nothing to do with Reafon, but refolve all his religious Opinions and Notions into immediate Infpiration." Then, by your ownAccount I am no Enthufiast ; for I resolve none of my

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Notions

Notions into immediate Infpiration. I have fomething to do with Reafon; perhaps as much as many of those who make no Account of my Labours. And I am ready to give up every Opinion, which I cannot by calm, clear Reafon defend. Whenever therefore you " will try what you can do by Argument," which you have not done yet, I wait your Leifure, and will follow you Step by Step, which Way foever you lead.

15. " But is not this a plain Proof of the Enthusiafm of the Methodists, That they despise human Learning, and make a loud and terrible Outcry against it?" Pray, Sir, when and where was this done ? Be fo good as to point out the Time and Place; for I am quite a Stranger to it. I believe indeed, and fo do you, that many Men make an ill Use of their Learning. But so they do of their Bibles : Therefore this is no Reafon for despifing or crying out against it. I would use it just as far as it will go; How far I apprehend it may be of Use, how far I judge it to be expedient at . least, if not necessary for a Clergyman, You might have feen, in the Earnest Address to the But in the mean time I blefs. GoD, that Clergy. there is a more excellent Gift, than either the, Knowledge of Languages or Philosophy. For Tongues and Knowledge and Learning will vanish away; but Love never faileth.

16. I think this is all you have faid which is any Way material concerning the *Doctrines* of the *Methodifts*. The Charges you bring concerning their Spirit or *Practice*, may be difpatched in fewer Words.

And, first, you charge them with *Pride* and *Uncharitablenefs*. " They \* talk as proudly as

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the *Donatifts*, of their being the only true Preachers of the Gospel, and effeem themselves, in contra-diffinction to others, as the Regenerate, the Children of GOD, and as having arrived at finless Perfection."

All of a Piece. We neither talk nor think fo. We doubt not but there are many the Preachers of the Golpel, both in *England* and elfe-where, who have no Connexion with, no Knowledge of us. Neither can we doubt, but that there are many thousand Children of GoD, who never heard our Voice, or faw our Face. And this may suffice for an Answer to all the Affertions of the fame Kind, which are fcattered up and down your Work. Of finles Perfection, here brought in by Head and Shoulders, I have nothing to fay at prefent.

17. You charge them, fecondly, with Boldnefs and Blasshemy, " who triumphing in their Train of credulous and crazy Followers, the *sparions* (fhould it not be rather the genuin) Offspring of their *infidious Crast*, ascribe the glorious Event to Divine Grace, and in almost every Page of their *paltry Harangues*; invoke the Blessed Spirit to go along with them, in their Soul-awakening Work, that is, to continue to affist them, in feducing the Simple and unwary."

What we afcribe to Divine Grace is this, The convincing Sinners of the Errors of their Ways, and the turning them from Darknefs to Light, from the Power of Satan to God. Do not you yourfelf "afcfibe this to Grace?" And do not you too "invoke the Bleffed Spirit, to go along with you in every Part of your

Page 41. Google

Work ?

Work ?" If you do not, you lose all your Labour. ------ Whether we " feduce Men into Sin," or by his Grace fave them from it, is another Oueftion.

18. You charge us, thirdly, with " requiring \* a blind and implicit Truft from our Difciples," who accordingly " truft as implicitly + in their Preachers, as the Papifts in their Pope, Councils or Church." Far from it : Neither do we require it; nor do they that hear us, place any fuch Truft in any Creature. They fearch the Scriptures, and hereby try every Doctrine, whether it be of God. And what is agreeable to Scripture they embrace; what is contrary to it they reject.

19. You charge us, fourthly, with injuring the Clergy in various Ways. 1st. " They are very industrious to diffolve or break off that Spiritual Intercourfe, which the Relation wherein we stand, requires should be preferved betwixt us and our People." But can that fpiritual Intercourfe be either preferved or broke off, which ' never existed? What spiritual Intercourse exists between you, the Rector of St. Michael, and the People of your Parish ? I suppose you preach to them once a Week, and now and then read Prayers. Perhaps you vifit One in Ten of the Sick. And is this all the *piritual* Intercourfe, which you have with those, over whom the Holy Gho/t hath made you an Overfeer ? In how poor a Senfe then do you watch over the Souls, for whom you are to give an Account

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to

to GoD! Sir, I wish to GoD, there were a truly spiritual Intercourse between you and all your People! I wish you "knew all your Flock by Name, not excepting the Men-fervants and Women-servants!" Then you might cherish each, as a Nurse her own Children, and train them up in the Nurture and Admonition of the Lord. Then might you warn every one and exhort every one, till you should present every one perfect in Christ Jesus.

"But they fay, Our Sermons contradict the Articles, Homilies and Liturgy of our own Church : Yea, that we contradict ourfelles, faying one Thing in the Desk and another in the Pulpit." And is there not caufe to fay fo? I myfelf have heard feveral Sermons preached in Churches, which flatly contradicted both the Articles, Flomolies and Liturgy; particularly on the Head of Juftification. I have likewife heard more than one or two Perfons, who "faid one Thing in the Desk and another in the Pulpit." In the Desk they prayed GOD to cleanfe the Thoughts of their Hearts by the Infpiration of his Hely Spirit. In the Pulpit they faid "There was no fuch Thing as Infpiration fince the Time of the Apoftles."

"But this is not all. You poifon the People by the most peevish and spitcful Invectives against the Clergy, the most rude and rancorous Revilings, and the most invidious \* Calumnies." No more than I poifon them with Arsenick. I make no peevish or spitcful Invectives against any Man. Rude and rancorous Revile-

\* Page 51.

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ings (fuch as your prefent Tract abounds with) are also far from me. I dare not return Raling for Raling, because (whether you know it, or no) I fear GoD. Invidious Calumnies likewise I never dealt in : All such Weapons I leave to you.

20. Óne Charge remains, which you repeat over and over, and lay a peculiar Strefs upon : (As to what you talk about perverting Scripture, I pais it by, as mere, unmeaning, Commonplace Declamation.) It is the poor old, wornout Tale of " Getting Money by Preaching." This you only intimate at first. "Some of their Followers had an inward Call, to fell all that they had, and lay it \* at their Feet." Pray, Sir, favour us with the Name of One, and we will excuse you as to all the reft. In the next Page you grow bolder, and roundly affirm "With all their Heavenly - mindedness, they could not help casting a Sheep's-eye at the unrighteous Mammon. Nor did they pay their Court to it with lefs Cunning and Succefs than Montanus. Under the specious Appearance of Gifts and Offerings, they raifed Contributions from every Quarter. Befides the Weekly Penfions fqueezed out of the poorer and lower Part of their Community, they were favoured with very large Oblations, from Perfons of better Figure and Fortune : And especially from many believing Wives. who had learned to practife pious Frauds on their unbelieving Husbands."

I am almost ashamed, (having done it twenty times before) to answer this stale Calumny again.

\* page 22.

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But the bold, frontless Manner wherein you advance it, obliges me fo to do. Know then, Sir, that you have no Authority either from Scripture or Reason, to judge of other Men by yourjelf. If your ocon Conscience convicts you of loving Money, of " caffing a fheers-eye at the unrighteous Mammen," humble yourfelf before Goo, if haply the Thoughts and Defires of your Heart may be forgiven you. But, bleffed be God, my Confeience is clear: My Heart does not condemn me in this Matter. I know, and GOD knoweth, that I have no Defire to load myfelf with thick Clay: That I love Money no more than I love the Mire in the Streets : That I feek it not. And I have it not: Any more than fuffices for Food and Rayment, for the plain Conveniences of Life. I pay no Court to it at all, or to those that have it, either with Cunning or without. For myfelf, for my own Ufe, I raife no Contributions, neither great nor finall. The Weekly Contributions of our Com-munity (which are freely given, not fqueezed out of any) as well as the Gifts and Offerings at the Lord's Table, never come into my Hands. I have no Concern with them, not fo much as the beholding them with my eyes. They are received every Week by the Stewards of the Society, Men of well known Character in the World, and by them conftantly diffributed within the Week, to those whom they know to be in real Neceffity. As to the "very large Oblations wherewith I am favour'd by Perfons of better Figure and Fortune," I know nothing of them: Be to kind as to refresh my Memory by mentioning a few of their Names. I have the Happine's of know-

knowing fome of great Figure and Fortune : Some Right Honourable Perfons. But if I were to fav, that all of them together had given me Seven Pounds in Seven Years, I should fay more than I cou'd make good. And yet I doubt not, but they would freely give me any Thing I wanted : But by the Bleffing of God, I want nothing that they can give. I want only more of the Spirit of Love and Power, and an healthful Mind. \_\_\_\_\_ As to those " many believing Wives who practife pious Frauds on their un-believing Hufbands." I know them not, no, not One of that Kind : Therefore I doubt the Fact. If you know any fuch, be pleafed to give us their Names and Places of Abode. Otherwife you must bear the Blame of being the Lover, if not the Maker of a Lie.

Perhaps you will fay, "Why, a Great Man faid the fame thing, but a few years ago." What if He did ? Let the Frog fwell as long as he can, he will not equal the Ox. He might fay many Things, all Circumftances confidered, which will not come well from you; As you have neither his Wit, nor Senfe, nor Learning, nor Age, nor Dignity.

#### Tibi parvula res est:

#### Metiri se quemq suo modulo ac pede verum est.

If you fall upon People that meddle not with you, without either Fear or Wit; you may possibly find they have a little more to fay for themselves than you was aware of.\_\_\_\_\_I follow Peace with all Men: But if a Mar set upon me, without

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out either Rhyme or Reason, I think it my Duty to defend myfelf, fo far as Truth and Justice permit. Yet still I am (if a poor Enthusiast may not be so bold as to still himself your Brother.)

## Reverend Sir,

## Your Servant for Chrift's Sake,

London, Nov. 17, 1759.

## JOHN WESLEY.

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